THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 47. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1832. NO. 80.

PUBLISHED BY NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
Near the S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (every Tuesday and Friday,) at $4 per annum, payable half yearly in advance. ☞It is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at $2 per annum, paid in advance, or $3 if not paid until the end of the year.

REES R. JONES,

TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND SEGAR

MANUFACTURER.

NO. 33 Hand street, Pittsburgh, offers for sale, on the most liberal terms—

Scotch and Rappee Snuff;
Box Tobacco, 2 and 8 lumps to the pound;
Ladies' Twist do 8 and 9 rolls do
Spun Plug do 2, 3, 5, and 6 rolls do
Virginia Twist do 5, 8, and 13 twists do
Cavendish do 1 do do
Spanish and half Spanish Cigars;
Melee and American do

☞All the above articles are warranted to be of the first quality. February 17, 1832.—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, December 9, 1831. } tf

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 57, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

Piano Forte Instruction.

MISS CRUMPTON proposes giving lessons upon the Piano Forte, to a limited number of young ladies, and hopes, by constant and unremitting attention, to merit a share of public patronage. Application to be made at Miss Crumpton's residence, No. 132 Penn street, above Hand street, where terms, &c. will be made known.

Pittsburgh, march 23, 1832.—3m

DRUGS, &c.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened a *Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, at No. 162 Liberty street, (opposite Sixth street,)* where they have received, and intend keeping, a general supply of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c., which they will sell on the most reasonable terms.

Having made arrangements in the eastern cities for a regular supply, they are enabled to sell at the lowest prices. ☞Physicians and country merchants are respectfully invited to call.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1832.—6m

HOLDERS of Sovereigns, Guineas, and every description of GOLD, can obtain the very highest prices, by applying at this office.—Every description of paper discounted at reduced rates. GEORGE A COOK.

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.—tf.

E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

To Paper Manufacturers.

THE Subscribers take this opportunity to acquaint Manufacturers of Paper, that they are now prepared to execute orders for Paper Machines of every description upon the most approved plans. Also, *Drying and Cutting Machines*, all of which will be warranted equal in all respects to any similar machines in the United States.—Persons about to erect Paper Mills, will not incur any additional expense in purchasing the Drying Machine, as the cost of same is less than the expense of building Drying Lofts and their fixtures. The above Machines were first introduced into this country by the subscriber, Charles M. Pickering, who has built and put into operation most of the Machines now in use. Amongst others, the following Manufacturers, in the United States, are referred to for his character and ability to perform his engagements.

C. M. PICKERING & CO.
112, Beekman st. } New York
109, Water st. }

References —
Wm. Parker, Esq. Boston, Mass.
A. C. & W. Curtis, Newton, "
Amos Hubbard, Esq. Norwich, Conn.
Henry Hudson, Esq. Hartford, "
Joseph Kingsland, Esq. Belleville, N. J.
Morris & Burritt, New York City.
J. & S. Campbell, "

April 6, 1832.—2aw3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

50 Hogsheads Kentucky Leaf Tobacco;
65 do New Orleans Sugar;
50 boxes Cavendish Tobacco.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 9.

30 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, on Sunday the 16th ultimo, DANIEL M'CARTNEY, an indented apprentice to the Coppersmith Business. He is 19 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dark hair, blue eyes, and rather fair complexion. He took with him a blue tight-bodied coat, partly worn, with gilt buttons; one pair new black mixed cassinet pantaloons, and one pair of black worsted or bombazine ditto; one light blue cassinet waistcoat; one striped swansdown ditto, and a new pair of pegged bootees, together with other clothes not recollected. He has a brother living in Mobile, (engineer on the steam boat Isabella,) and has often said he would like to go there. He has been much in the habit of reading plays, and frequently associated with play actors: in all probability his object is to join with some *traveling players*.

The above reward will be given to any person who will apprehend and secure the said apprentice so that the subscribers may get him again. The public are cautioned against harboring him, under the penalty of the law.

L. & P. PETERSON.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1831.—tf

LARGE & ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

CABINET-WARE.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have on hand, at their cabinet manufactory, on Liberty street, opposite Smithfield street, a large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE—consisting of Sofas; Couches; Mahogany Chairs; Pier, Eve, and Card tables; Work tables, Dining and Breakfast tables of every variety; Sideboards; Bureaus; Ladies' Dressing stands; Secretaries; Book cases; Wardrobes; together with High, French, and Common Bedsteads; which they will sell on the most reasonable terms. They flatter themselves, that, by constant attention to business, and faithful workmanship, they will merit a share of public patronage.

WM. ALEXANDER.
S. AVARD.

may 25, 1832.—tf

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

TARIF FOUNDRY,

AND

STEAM ENGINE MANUFACTORY,

Fronting on First and Water streets, immediately below the Monongahela Bridge.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have added to their Steam Engine Manufactory AN AIR FOUNDRY, and are now ready to execute all kinds of Castings, with promptness and in in the best manner. Grateful for past favors in the Steam Engine business, they respectfully solicit a continuance of them, and pledge the public that no efforts shall be wanting to give satisfaction.

J. F. & E. GREER.

June 28—1y

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

REMOVAL.

DR. E. MERRITT, DENTIST, has removed to Liberty street, No. 78, corner of Evans' alley. Dr. E. M. will be in his room from 9 o'clock in the morning till 3 o'clock in the afternoon, (Fridays excepted,) where all operations in the line of his profession will be performed.

P. S.—Dentists can be furnished with his beautifully nufamactured Porcelain Teeth.

March 27, 1832.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES, Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green-M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

50 HHDS. Prime N. O. Sugar;
90 bbls. Molasses;
25 half bbls. do
100 boxes Tin Plate, 1-3 x;
100 bbls. No. 2 Mackerel;
50 bbls. No. 3 do;
30 half bbls. Nos. 1 and 2 do;
9 bbls. New England Rum;
50 do Tanners' Oil;
50 do Rosin and Pitch;
5 casks Cod Fish;
6 tierces Rice;
100 kegs Ky. Manufactured Tobacco;
150 boxes Melee Cigars.

Just received and for sale by
JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.

may 4—tf

Ten Acre Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale Eight Lots of Ground, situated in view of the town of East Liberty, containing about 10 acres each.

The above Lots are handsomely located; suitable for country residences. The terms will be accommodating to purchasers. For a plan of the lots and other particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES LAUGHLIN.

may 8, 1832.—tf

500 DOZEN of Waldron's, Griffin's, Passmore's, Blanchard's, and Stone's Corn, Grass, and German SCYTHES. Also, Scythe Rifles, Darby Creek, Milan, and Real English, *Rag Stones*—for sale by

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co.

march 16—tf.

DOCTOR WARE,

SURGEON DENTIST, has removed to No. 44 Fourth street, in the Office formerly occupied by James S. Craft, Esq., two doors west of Market street. May 11.—tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor.*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix*

July 26, 1831.—tf

JOHN ALEXANDER

Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail

CHEAP CASH STORE,

To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831—tf

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut—incorporated by the State of Connecticut—will make insurance against the dangers of Inland Navigation: on Steam, Keel, and Flat Boats, together with their cargoes, as well as on property in ships, on the high seas. Also, against fire, on every description of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained therein.

Their terms will be as favorable as those of any other company in the United States; and all claims upon them will be promptly and liberally adjusted.

WM. W. ELLSWORTH, *President.*
THOS. C. PERKINS, *Secretary.*

☞The subscriber, having been appointed Surveyor for this city and vicinity, will make surveys of any of the above specified risks, and forward them to the General Agency at Cincinnati, where the Policies will be executed.

MOSES ATWOOD,
Corner of Wood and Front streets.

Pittsburgh, 14th Oct. 1831.—1y

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE,

PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call. Dec. 24.—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing, under the firm of Wm. G. Davis & Co., Blairsville, Pa., and Wm. G. Davis & Co., Wheeling, Va., is dissolved by mutual consent.

Any persons having unsettled accounts against either of the above concerns, will please present them for payment to John D. Davis & Co.; and those indebted, are requested to make payments without delay, to either of the subscribers.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, 30th march, 1832.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together in business, under the firm of JOHN D. DAVIS & CO., as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants; and respectfully offer their services to their friends and the public. No 38, Water, and 78, Front streets.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, march 30, 1832.—tf.

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.

April 13, 1832.—tf

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5—tf.

COACH TRIMMER & BLACKSMITH WANTED.—The subscriber wishes to employ a Coach Trimmer, and a Blacksmith acquainted with carriage work. To sober, industrious workmen, masters of the above branches, good wages and constant employment will be given. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. JAMES S. WHYTE.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1831.—tf.

Curled Hair Mattrasses,

OF a superior quality, constantly on hand, or made to order, at less than eastern prices, at the Carpet and Furnishing Warehouse, No. 26 Wood street. A. M'FADDEN.

N. B.—7,000 lbs. Curled Hair, (in the rope,) on consignment, and will be sold at eastern prices, with the addition of carriage. A. M'F.

April 20—tf

COMMISSION HOUSE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in Natchez, Mississippi, with the design of transacting a *GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.* He will attend, particularly, to the sale of Northern Produce and Manufactures, and to the purchase and shipment of Cotton. Consignments or orders, addressed to him, will meet with prompt attention; and no exertion shall be wanting to promote the interests, and merit the confidence of those who may entrust him with business. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his northern friends.

ALFRED COCHRAN.

Natchez, March 10, 1832.

ALFRED COCHRAN, Commission Merchant,

NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI.

Refer to

Messrs. COCHRAN & IRWIN, Pittsburgh,
G. W. BARCLAY & Co. Louisville,
STEPHEN DUNCAN, Esq., Natchez,
JOHN LINTON, Esq., New Orleans.

march 27, 1832.—6m.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock *the second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran or Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

TO LET,

THE two story frame Dwelling House, the late residence of Mrs. Bowie, pleasantly situated in the Borough of Allegheny. There is ground sufficient for a comfortable Garden, which is stocked with fruit trees, grapes, gooseberries, and currants, in bearing; a small stable, a coal shed, and a well of good water.

The above property will be rented until the 1st of April next; or, for a term of years. Possession given the 1st of June next. For particulars inquire of

LUKE LOOMIS, or } Ex'rs of Anna
JAS. J. CARPENTER, } Bowie, dec'd.

may 22, 1832.—tf

WANTED,

TWENTY Shares Bank of Pittsburgh Stock, for which a liberal premium will be allowed. Apply to

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

may 25.

THE Subscribers, having given James T. Kincaid an interest in their Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory, will continue their business, under the firm of *L. & P. Peterson & Co.*, No. 45, Front street, and No. 66, Second street, near the Post Office.

L. & P. PETERSON.

Pittsburgh, June 15, 1832.—tf

NEW WHOLESALE DRY GOODS STORE,

NUMBER 84 WOOD STREET,

Corner of Diamond Alley.

JOHN H. BROWN & CO.

ARE now opening a well selected and general assortment of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Purchased for Cash, in the New York and Philadelphia Markets, which they offer by the piece of package, at a small advance.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1832.—tf

FOR SALE,

300 REAMS of good Straw Wrapping Paper. GEO. A. COOK,

Sept 20 No. 68 Woodstreet, Pittsburgh

NOVELTIES.

IN addition to the usual attractions of the PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM, *a new Room, containing a great variety of Natural and Artificial Curiosities, has been opened during the last week.*

An entirely new and splendid Phantasmagoria, exhibiting the objects as large as life, has been procured, and is exhibited every evening, at half past 8 o'clock. Also, a Cosmoramic view of Pittsburgh, from the Point to the Bridge, has lately been added. Admittance 25 cents: Children 12½.

may 29.

SHEAR STEEL,

MADE AT PITTSBURGH.

THE Undersigned has been four years, with indefatigable attention, engaged in the manufacturing of this most valuable article, in Bayardstown, near Pittsburgh. He has now on hand a good stock, of the best quality, equal to the Imported, and warranted, at 10½ cents a pound. He requests the favor of purchasers calling to see his stock. S. BROADMEADOW.

N. B.—It will be well if the consumers of this article consider the very *large amount of silver dollars*, annually sent to England, to purchase the same. may 25—tf

30 Hhds. Superior quality Leaf Tobacco (new crop)—received per Polander.

For sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

may 25, 1832.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street: Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist.
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure is guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Eighty Shares of Beaver Bridge Stock

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will sell the above number of Shares in the Beaver Bridge Company, the Stock of which is valuable, nets at present a good dividend, and it is thought will net from 8 to 10 per cent. when the Beaver Canal is completed. For particulars, inquire of S. Baird & Co., Merchants, corner of Fifth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, or to the subscribers, Merchants, Philadelphia. BROWN & AGNEW.

may 4, 1832.—6mo.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

40 BALES Domestics, viz:—Ashton, Delaware, and Chester Tickings; Drillings, Shirtings, and Sheetings; Wilmington Stripes, &c. Just received from Eastern manufactories, and for sale by MOSES ATWOOD.

may 22. *No. 84, Front street.*

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between *S. P. Darlington* and *Benjamin Darlington*, trading under the firm of S. P. Darlington & Co., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted by S. P. Darlington, at the corner of Second and Wood streets.

N. B.—All persons indebted to S. P. D. & Co., for a longer term than 6 months, will please call and settle their accounts with S. P. Darlington, as above.

☞All the papers in this city will please copy the above for one month. S. P. D.

June 12, 1832—1mo.

250 BBLS. LOAF SUGAR; received per Steam Boat Friend, and for sald unusually low, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

may 4, 1832.

LOOK AT THIS!

SOLD, this day, at Mason's Allegheny Office, *Combination*—3, 13, 46, the *Splendid Capital, of* $25,000!!! Adventurers will take notice that Dame Fortune has permanently located herself at MASON'S OFFICE, Federal street, Allegheny.

Union Canal Lottery draws on Saturday. *Highest Prizes*—$30,000, $20,000, $10,000, 2 of $5,000, 1 of $3,470, 20 of $1,000, &c. &c. &c.—Tickets only $5. Persons desirous of obtaining the above comfortables, should apply at Mason's, forthwith. June 13—3t

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

CONGRESSIONAL.

Tuesday, May 12.—*The Tariff*.—Yesterday Mr. Dickerson moved the Senate take up the bill to repeal in part, the duties on imports, for the purpose of offering an amendment to the bill. The motion prevailed—and Mr. Dickerson moved to strike out all after the word coffee, in the first section, and insert a long list of unprotected articles, as a substitute for those enumerated in the bill.

Mr. Dickerson moved, after the amendment had been read, that it be printed.

Mr. Tazewell rose and said, that he had voted against taking up this bill, for the reason that when it did come again, he wished to offer an amendment to it, which for some time he had been engaged in preparing. His scheme, which he intended to propose as a substitute for that reported from the Committee on Manufacturers, was not yet so far perfected as to be ready for presentation to the public view. It was prepared, so as to present, in rough, the principles on which the revenue might be, and in his opinion ought, to be, permanently fixed. He now offers the bill as an amendment, in order that it should be printed with the amendment just offered.

[We could not procure a copy of this bill for this day's paper, but, in substance, it provides that from and after the 3d day of March, 1833, the articles enumerated in schedule A, which now pay more than fifty per cent. shall pay fifty per cent.; and, in the same manner, articles enumerated in the schedules shall hereafter pay forty, thirty, twenty, ten, and five per cent. There are several other provisions, one of which regulates the duties on wines, leaving the sums in blank.

Mr. Webster hoped, he said, it would be understood that the schedules referred to by the Senator from Virginia would be printed, as proposed, without further order.

The amendments offered by Mr. Tazewell and Mr. Dickerson, were then ordered to be printed.

Bank of the United States.—The bill to modify and continue the act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States was read a third time.

The question being on the passage of the bill, and the yeas and nays having been ordered,

Mr. Mangum rose and explained, at some length, the reasons which would induce him to vote against the passage of the bill.

The question being then taken on the passage of the bill, it was decided in the affirmative as follows:—

Yeas—Messrs. Bell, Buckner, Chambers, Clay, Clayton, Dallas, Ewing, Foot, Frelinghuysen, Hendricks, Holmes, Johnston, Knight, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Robbins, Robinson, Ruggles, Seymour, Silsbee, Smith, Sprague, Tipton, Tomlinson, Waggaman, Webster, Wilkins—28.

Nays.—Messrs. Benton, Bibb, Brown, Dickerson, Dudley, Ellis, Forsyth, Grundy, Hayne, Hill, Kane, King, Mangum, Marcy, Miller, Moore, Tazewell, Troup, Tyler, White—20.

Mr. Dallas, on giving his vote, said, that he had been reported by the Committee of Investigation as a stockholder of the Bank. This was a mistake. As soon as he found that the Bank question would be brought up here, he gave orders for the sale of his stock.

Mr. Silsbee, previous to voting, said that, as he had been reported a stockholder, he would state that before the debate commenced here, on the bill, he had sold his stock, and received the money for it.

Mr. Webster, also, on giving his vote, begged leave to say that he had been reported as a stockholder by the mistake of the Bank Clerk at Philadelphia.

The Tariff.—In the House of Representatives, Mr. Crawford offered an amendment which he proposed to offer to the bill from the Committee on Manufactures, which he moved to be printed—which was agreed to.

Mr. Adams moved the House to go into Committee upon the Tariff—which was agreed to—Mr. Speight in the Chair.

Mr. Dewart suggested whether the most advisable course of procedure would not be to act upon the amendments proposed, and ascertain the shape in which the subject will probably be most acceptable to the Committee—when the general course of argument could be resumed by gentlemen who thought proper.—He thought much time would be saved by this course.

Mr. G. Evans, who was entitled to the floor, proceeded to address the Committee upon the general subject, in a speech which lasted about four hours. When he had concluded, Mr. Clay, of Alabama, moved the Committee rise, which was carried—The House then adjourned.

June 13.—In the Senate, yesterday, the resolutions offered by Mr. Poindexter, directing the Commissioner of the General Land Office to inform the Senate what number of patents are now in the office waiting for the signature of the President, was taken up and agreed to. Mr. Dudley presented the resolutions adopted at a meeting of citizens in the city of New York, recommending concessions on the subject of the Tariff, and moved to lay them on the table, and print them, which was agreed to.

Mr. Dudley presented a memorial from the Hatters of New York, expressing alarm at the idea of a reduction of the duties on hats, which was laid on the table.

Mr. Dickerson gave notice that he should, on Friday, ask the Senate to take up the bill reported by the Committee on Manufactures, relative to the Public Lands.

Mr. Knight presented the proceedings of a meeting of the citizens of Rhode Island against any alteration of the Tariff, which was laid on the table.

FRENCH SPOLIATIONS.

Mr. Wilkins, pursuant to notice, moved that the Senate take up the bill providing for satisfaction for claims due to American citizens for spoliations.

Mr. Tazewell reminded the Senate that there was executive business of importance which required immediate action: and that he had been promised that when the Bank Bill should be disposed of, there would be no opposition to going into Executive business. He therefore made a motion to that effect; but the motion was out of order while the other question was pending.

After some conversation on the subject, Mr. Wilkins asked for the yeas and nays on his motion, which were ordered.

The question was then taken and decided as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Bell, Chambers, Clay, Clayton, Dudley, Ewing, Foot, Frelinghuysen, Holmes, Knight, Naudain, Prentiss, Robbins, Ruggles, Silsbee, Smith, Tipton, Tomlinson, Wilkins—19

Nays—Benton, Bibb, Brown, Buckner, Dickerson, Forsyth, Grundy, Hayne, Hendricks, Hill, King, Mangum, Marcy, Miller, Moore, Robinson, Sprague, Tazewell, Troup, Tyler, Webster, White—22.

So the motion was negatived.

On motion of *Mr.* Tazewell, the Senate then proceeded to the consideration of Executive business.

U. S. BANK.

In the House of Representatives, the bill to renew and modify the charter of the Bank of the U. S., which has passed the Senate, came up in the order of business, and received its first reading as a matter of course.

Mr. Whittlesey moved that the bill now have its second reading. It was read accordingly: when

Mr. M'Duffie moved that it be committed to a Committee of the Whole House, and made the order of the day for to-morrow.

Mr. Thompson, of Ohio, thereupon moved that the consideration of the bill be postponed till the first Monday in December next.

Mr. Speight then moved *to lay the bill on the table.*

On this motion the yeas and nays were as follow:*

Yeas—Messrs. Adair, Alexander, Anderson, Angel, Archer, Barnwell, James Bates, Beardsley, Bell, Bergen, Bethune, Jas. Blair, John Blair, Bouck, Bouldin, John Broadhead, John C. Broadhead, Cambreling, Carr, Chandler, Chinn, Claiborne, Clay, Clayton, Coke, Connor, Davenport, Dayan, Doubleday, Felder, Fitzgerald, Foster, Gordon, Griffin, Thomas H. Hall, Hammons, Harper, Hawes, Hawkins, Hoffman, Hogan, Holland, Howard, Hubbard, Isaacs, Jarvis, Jewett, Richard M. Johnson, Cave Johnson, Charles C. Johnston, Kavanagh, Kennon, *Adam King*, John King, Lamar, Lansing Leavitt, Lecompte, Lewis, Lyon, *Mann*, Mardis, Mason, Wm. *M'Coy*, *M'Intire*, *M'Kay*, T. R. *Mitchell*, Newnan, Nuckolls, Patton, Pierson, Polk, Edward C. Reed, Rencher, Roane, Soule, Speight, Standifer, Francis Thomas, Wiley Thompson, John Thomson, Ward, Wardwell, Wayne, Weeks, C. P. White, Worthington—88.

Nays.—Messrs. Adams, Robert Allan, *Allison*, Appleton, Armstrong, Arnold, Ashley, Babcock, *Banks*, Noyes Barber, J. S. Barbour, Barringer, *Bucher*, Bullard, *Burd*, Burges, Cahoon, Carson, Choate, Collier, Lewis Condict, Eleutheros Cooke, Bates Cooke, Cooper, Corwin, *Coulter*, Craig, Crane, *Crawford*, Creighton, Daniel, John Davis, Warren R. Davis, Dearborn, *Denny*, *Dewart*, Dickson, Drayton, Duncan, Ellsworth, George Evans, Joshua Evans, Edward Everett, Horace Everett, *Ford*, *Gilmore*, Grennell, Hodges, *Heister*, Hughes, Huntingdon, Ingersoll, Irvin, Jenifer, Kendall, Henry King, Lent, Letcher, Marshall, Maxwell, *Robert M'Coy*, M'Duffie, *M'Kennan*, Mercer, Milligan, *Muhlenburg*, Newton, Pearce, Pendleton, Pitcher, Plummer, Potts, Randolph, J. Reed, Root, Russell, Semmes, Wm. B. Shepard, Aug. H. Shepperd, Slade, *Smith*, Southard, Spence, Stanberry, *Stephens*, *Stewart*, Storrs, *Sutherland*, Taylor, Philemon Thomas, Tompkins, Tracy, Vance., Verplanck, Vinton, Washington, *Watmough*, Wilkin, Wheeler, Elisha Whittlesey, Frederick Whittlesey, Edward D. White, Wickliffe, Wilde, Williams, Young—111.

So the House refused to lay the bill on the table.

At this moment the hour of 12 had arrived, and, on motion of Mr. M'Duffie, the House proceeded to the special order of the day, on

THE TARIFF BILL.

The House then went again into Committee of the Whole on that subject, Mr. Speight in the Chair.

Mr. Clay, of Alabama, Mr. Root, of New York, and Mr. *Denny*, of Penn., successively addressed the committee at length. When Mr. D. concluded,

Mr. Choate, of Mass., obtained the floor, and moved that the committee rise. This motion being negatived, Mr. C. yielded the floor to Mr. Wilde, who also (it being near 6 o'clock,) moved that the committee rise. This motion being likewise negatived, Mr. W. proceeded to address the committee on the subject before it, and continued to speak till near 7 o'clock, when the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

June 14.—In the Senate, yesterday, petitions, praying indemnity for spoliations committed by the French, prior to 1800, were presented by Messrs. Mangum and Hill. Mr. Tomlinson presented certain resolutions, adopted at a meeting of the citizens of Norwalk, Con., protesting against the Tariff Bills reported by the Secretary of the Treasury, and by the committee on manufactures of the other House, which were laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Robinson, the bill establishing Land Districts in the Territory of Arkansas, was taken up, and considered as in Committee of the Whole; and, after a brief explanation from Mr. R., ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Chambers, the bill providing indemnity for spoliations committed by the French, prior to the year 1800, was taken up—Yeas 22, Nays 19. A debate then ensued on the question of postponement, in which Messrs. Tazewell, Chambers, Smith, Clay, Webster, Wilkins, Holmes, and Tyler took part. Messrs. Tazewell and Tyler expressed themselves as opposed to the bill. The other gentlemen, with the exception of Mr. Chambers, believed that it was too late in the session to come to any decisive action on a bill so important, so complex in its character, and embracing in its principles such a variety of details. The motion of Mr. Clay to lay it on the table finally prevailed without a division. After progressing with some private bills, the bill for the relief of Heman Allen, late Marshal of Vermont, was taken up and debated at considerable length.—Messrs. Grundy, Hayne, and Miller opposing, and Messrs. Webster, Prentiss, Ewing, and Bell advocating it; after which it was ordered to a third reading—Ayes 22. On motion of *Mr.* Tazewell, the Senate went into the consideration of Executive business, and when the doors were opened, adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, the bill for re-chartering the Bank of the United States coming up for consideration,

Mr. Wayne withdrew his motion to postpone the consideration of the bill to the first Monday of July next; whereupon

Mr. M'Duffie moved that the consideration of the bill be postponed to Monday next. He was desirous to keep the bill within the control of the House.

Mr. Wayne objected to the motion of the gentleman, (Mr. M'Duffie,) because besides being calculated to create an expectation abroad, that the Bank bill would be certainly acted upon on Monday next, or at sometime this session, he thought that the interests of the Bank and those of the country at large required such a reference of the bill to-day, as would indicate to the public and to ourselves, the direction which would be given to it for discussion. The proper reference would be to a Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, as that was the course given to all bills of importance.

Mr. M'Duffie modified his motion so as to make the Bank Bill the special order of the day for Monday.

The consideration of the bill to re-charter the Bank of the United States was postponed, and made the special order of the day for Monday next.

The Speaker laid before the House further returns from the Secretary of the Treasury, relative to the manufacturers of the United States, which were referred to the Committee of Manufactures.

Several bills from the Senate were read twice and referred.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

The resolution heretofore submitted by Mr. Boon, fixing the 25th inst. as the day of the adjournment of Congress, was taken up,

Mr. Wickliffe said no one was more anxious to get away than himself—at present it was impossible to fix the day—he therefore moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Speight called for the yeas and nays which were ordered and were as follows:

Yeas, 104—Nays, 75.

THE TARIFF.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the House, on motion of *Mr.* Adams, went into Committee upon the Tariff, Mr. Speight in the Chair.

Mr. Wild resumed his speech upon the general subject which he concluded, after addressing the Committee three hours, when

Mr. Choate addressed the Committee about an hour and a half upon the general question: when he had concluded,

Mr. Burges obtained possession of the floor, and moved the committee rise, which was lost, Ayes 63, Noes 71.

Mr. Burges proceeded to address the Committee, upon the general subject, about an hour, when he gave way to a motion from Mr. Davenport, that the Committee rise, which was lost—Ayes 51, Noes 58.

Mr. Burges said, he was unable to proceed any further, at that time.

Mr. Burd then addressed the Committee on the general question, and was going on with his speech when our paper was made up.

June 15.—In the Senate, yesterday, the resolution submitted by Mr. Foot on the previous day, to indefinitely postpone such pension bills as had not yet been acted on, was taken up, and some objection being made, it was again laid on the table.

Mr. Clay presented a petition from sundry citizens, (farmers in Kentucky,) protesting against the reduction of duties contemplated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Military Bill, for the protection of the Frontiers, passed the Senate, and was sent to the House.

On motion of Mr. Tazewell, the Senate then proceeded to the consideration of Executive business, and when the doors were opened, adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Hubbard, from the Committee of Revolutionary Pensions, reported a Joint Resolution, transferring the duties imposed by the late pension law upon the Secretary of the Treasury to the Secretary of War—which was read the first time.

Mr. Jewett moved the consideration of the resolution heretofore submitted by Mr. Boon, fixing a day for the adjournment of Congress.

Mr. Conner asked the yeas and nays upon the question, which were ordered, and were as follows:—Yeas 68—Nays 98.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of State relative to the final adjustment of certain Spanish land claims, which were referred to the Committee of Private Land Claims.

The Speaker also laid before the House further returns from the Secretary of the Treasury, relative to Manufactures, which were referred to the Commitee of Manufactures.

The bill granting pre-emption to settlers upon public lands was then taken up and further debated, when Mr. Whittlesey moved the postponement of the further consideration of the bill to this day, which was carried.

Mr. J. Reed moved to discharge the Committee of the Whole from the bill regulating the remission of forfeitures and penalties in certain cases—which, after a brief explanation by Mr. R., was agreed to.

The consideration of the report from the Committee of Public Lands, relative to the reservations under certain treaties with the Chickasaw Indians, was, on motion of Mr. Wickliffe, postponed to Saturday.

The act from the Senate to provide for liquidating and paying certain claims of the State of Virginia, was taken up.

Mr. J. S. Barbour addressed the House in support of the bill; and in reply to the arguments offered by Messrs. Barstow and A. H. Sheppard, when the bill was before the House on a former day.

Mr. Root commenced an explanation and comment upon the grounds of the claim in opposition to its allowance, which, after proceeding a few minutes, was suspended by the arrival of the hour of 12.

THE TARIFF.

Mr. Adams moved the House go into Committee upon the Tariff, which was agreed to,—Mr Speight in the Chair.

Mr. Bates, of Massachusetts, addressed the Committee upon the general question about one hour and a half—when Mr. Clayton followed upon the general subject about four hours. Mr. Sutherland then obtained the floor, and after speaking about an hour and a half—on motion the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

CONTINUATION OF EXTRACTS FROM FOREIGN PAPERS.

From the Sun, of the 9th of May.

The Whig Ministry is for the present dissolved—only for the present. Countrymen, bear this in mind!! Think too of what you owe to yourselves and those who have so far assisted you on the road to Reform, and who only resign when they can no longer be of assistance to you. The Whig Ministry is for the present dissolved. It will be in power again before a fortnight has elapsed. And it is you, countrymen, will bring them back again in triumph to office, the Boroughmongers must not be masters of the lives and liberties of Englishmen.

We insert the following from the second edition of the *Times*. The news will come like a thunderclap on the people. Pray God, they meet their destiny with firmness, fortitude, but, above all, with becoming tranquillity:

We are arrived at that issue which we in some degree expected last night. The Ministry is dissolved! The resignations of Earl Grey, Lord Brougham, and their colleagues—his Majesty, after some conflict—real or apparent—with his own mind, finally accepted, and announced such his acceptance this morning. We of course have now no time to indulge in reflection on this most important event; we shall rather briefly enumerate the facts which have come to our knowledge.

The Reform Ministry has been displaced; another—shall we call it an Anti-Reform Ministry? is forming in its place. We hardly dare use that term, "an Anti-Reform Ministry," before our countrymen at this crisis: we hardly dare use it or apply it to the members themselves; for whatever may be their internal wish, they must pay so much homage to public feeling as to pretend to be Reformers.

Yet the new Administration will probably be a Duke of Wellington Administration: his Grace no doubt at the head of it. The place of the Lord Chancellor Brougham—(we give momentary reports of the Anti-Reforming lawyers as we have caught them)—may be supplied by Sir John Leach or a commission. Lord Lyndhurst will most likely go to the Rolls, the position there being most secure. And,—what next among the legal appointments? Sir C. Wetherell to Ireland, for sake of peace! Sir J. Scarlett may step into the place of Lord Lyndhurst. A new Ministry will be formed with more promptitude than a batch of Peers could be made by the old one, because there is more sincerity in all quarters.

Yet there was no want of sincerity in the Members of the expiring Ministry towards each other. Their common fate testifies their integrity. Lord Brougham mingles his fortune with that of Lord Grey, from whom he will not be separated in his resignation; and their general determination to resign, evinces their unbending attachment to the question of Reform.

From the United Kingdom of 13th May.

GREAT QUESTION OF REFORM.

The vote of Monday night in the Lords in which Ministers were in a minority of 35 upon what they considered the vital principles of the bill, may be literally said to have unhinged the whole system of business in the city, *whether in reference to the funds, to banking, to commercial affairs, or to any kind of transactions between one Englishman and another, or between the English merchant and the foreigner.* The most intense interest and anxiety are manifested in all quarters at the unexpected stop to the proceedings on the great measure, and *the most direful consequences* to the country are anticipated. But though amazement, and agitation, and terror, were the prevailing feelings; though their chief was beaten, they did not give themselves up to despair; steps were instantly taken on all sides to convene meetings, and to prepare addresses to the King and to the House of Commons, suited to the emergency.

From the London Times of the 11th May.

EXPRESS FROM BIRMINGHAM.

THE TIMES' OFFICE, HALF PAST SIX O'CLOCK.

Sudden and Spontaneous meeting of the Reformers of Birmingham and its Vicinity.

BIRMINGHAM, Thursday, May 10.

It is scarcely possible to imagine the spirit of excitement into which the town of Birmingham has been thrown by the rejection of the Reform Bill by the Lords, and the resignation of His Majesty's ministers. The anti-reformers in London may affect to treat this with contempt, but if they had been present in Birmingham this day, we doubt not that another and a very different feeling would have prevailed in their minds. In this town there is but one feeling—one firm, fixed, determined feeling,—which it is impossible to suppress. We are morally certain, that if the Bill be not passed the people will not pay taxes. This they have determined. Indeed, as early as 11 o'clock yesterday, the windows exhibited a printed placard, of which the following is a copy:—

"NOTICE,

NO TAXES PAID HERE UNTIL THE REFORM BILL IS PASSED.

May 9."

In other windows, and we observed on the lawn of a gentleman's house in the vicinity of the town, there was exhibited the following:—'No taxes paid here in money, and no goods bought distrained for taxes.' But perhaps the best evidence of the state of opinion in this town, is the fact of hundreds of the most respectable inhabitants of the professional and mercantile classes having joined the Political Union yesterday morning.—These gentlemen have not been in the habit of taking a part in politics; but they now see the absolute necessity—to use the expression of one of them—'to buckle on their armor!' We understand that more than 100 subscribers of the Subscription News Room, to which none but the respectable and opulent inhabitants are admitted; put down their names as members of the Political Union.—In fact, persons of all creeds and of all political opinions are joining this body. On Tuesday four Catholic Priests enrolled themselves, and a considerable number of that respectable society called Quakers became members. The fact is, the people feel that it is by union only that the country can be saved from falling into a state of anarchy and financial confusion.

The number of people assembled yesterday afternoon, at Newhall-hill, certainly exceeded 100,000. The space, which occupied six acres, was densely filled, and, as on Monday, the tops of the surrounding hills and houses were covered with people. It is really astonishing how such a number of human beings could have been got together so suddenly and spontaneously in four hours. We understand that several large manufacturers, heretofore considered anti-reformers, closed their work rooms at 3 o'clock, to give their men an opportunity to attend the meeting, and at the same time informing them that their wages would be paid as usual. But the meeting was not confined to Birmingham people alone. Many thousand persons attended from the surrounding towns, and deputies from Worcester, Coventry, Wolverhampton, Walsall, Warwick, and other places, were hourly arriving, in order to take advice as to the best course of proceeding in their respective districts.

Six o'clock, P. M.—The meeting is just over, and though for the last two hours the people have been leaving the ground, not being able to hear the proceedings, yet the numbers passing our windows are truly terrific. All, however, is quiet.—The people, conscious of their strength, are not alarmed for the Bill. They feel that they can take it any time should the Lords refuse to grant it them.

Mr. Attwood, Mr. Scholefield, Mr. Edmonds, Mr. Joseph Parkes, and Mr. Muntz, then addressed the meeting quietly, when the meeting was dissolved; the sitting of the council being, however, declared permanent, and to resume their deliberations at night. Subsequently, the following gentlemen, Joshua Scholefield, Esq., Joseph Parkes, Esq., and John Green, Esq., were deputed to take the petition express to London, and to communicate to the Common Council and the city of Westminster the determination of the people of Warwickshire and Staffordshire to aid them in the common cause.

The deputation left Birmingham with the streets crowded to excess, and loud cheering accompanying them to the verge of the town. On their arrival at Coventry, the streets of that city were filled with inhabitants, who loudly cheered the deputation, and stated to them that they were going to convene a meeting of that populous city for this day, and would stick by them.

In the course of the evening, expresses left Birmingham to all the large districts of Staffordshire and Warwickshire, urging the people to immediate and determine public proceedings, to reinstate Ministers, and recover the Bill. All business will be at a stand-still till this great national object is successfully concluded. The following petition was agreed to at the meeting:—

"To the Hon. the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled.

"The humble address of the inhabitants of the town of Birmingham at Newhall-hill, the 10th day of *May*, 1832:—"Showeth—

"1. That your petitioners have been struck with surprize and alarm at the awful intelligence which has this day reached them respecting the dissolution of His Majesty's Government, and perilous crisis, on account of their persevering in supporting the Bill of Reform, as twice passed by your Hon. House.

"2. That under these unexpected and extraordinary circumstances, the life and property of no man in England are safe, and that the only possible way of giving safety to all, is to pass the Bill of Reform unmutilated into a law.

"3. That your petitioners must now look upon your Hon. House as the last remaining stay which binds the existing constitution of the country, and in the awful situation which they find themselves and the country placed, they appeal to your Hon. House, and they earnestly implore your Hon. House not to shrink from the great duties before you, but manfully and fearlessly support the rights of the people, and adopt whatever measures may be necessary for the safety and liberty of the country.

"4. That it is only by the manly and patriotic exercise of the great duties which the constitution has imposed upon your Hon. House, that your petitioners can now see any hope that the just and sacred rights of Englishmen can be recovered in any way except by means that will break up the fabric of society, and endanger the fortunes and the lives of millions.

"5. That your petitioners find it declared in the Bill of Rights, that the people of England "may have arms for their defence—[tremendous cheering, which lasted for some minutes]—suitable to their condition, and as allowed by law; and your petitioners apprehend that this great right will be put in force generally, and that the whole of the people of England will think it necessary to have arms for their defence in order that they may be prepared for any circumstances which may arise. [Renewed cheers.]

"6. Your petitioners do therefore most earnestly pray, that your Hon. House will forthwith present an address to his Majesty, beseeching him not to allow the resignation of his Ministers, but instantly to create a sufficient number of new Peers to insure the carrying of the Bill of Reform unimpaired into a law. And that your Hon. House will instantly withhold all supplies—[here the further proceedings of the meeting were interrupted for some minutes by the loud cheering]—and adopt any other measures whatever, which may be necessary to carry the Bill of Reform, and to insure the safety and liberty of the country.

"And your petitioners will ever pray."

A Declaration, of which the following is a copy, has been already signed by 500 of the most respectable inhabitants of Birmingham, and now lies for signature at Allen's and Barlow's, Bonnett's hill: and Drake's, New street:—

"We, the undersigned inhabitants of the town and neighborhood of Birmingham, who have hitherto refrained from joining the Birmingham Political Union, deem it our duty to our country at this awful crisis to come forward and join that body for the purpose of promoting the further union, order, and determination of all classes in support of the common cause of Parliamentary Reform."

LONDON, May 14th.

NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Nothing certain on this all engrossing subject has yet transpired, and the various rumors to which it has given rise are so contradictory, that no fair surmise of any future arrangement can be collected from their import. The Duke of Wellington, who was said to have left town, still continues at Apsleyhouse, and Lord Lyndhurst still continues to negotiate actively for the establishment of a new administration.—We cannot predict the degree of success with which his efforts will be crowned; but the difficulties in their way must be great, since Sir Robert Peel has not even been *asked* to fill a *niche* in the new temple which toryism is erecting. This, we repeat it, is a very curious and significant feature in the business; and we are disposed to augur from Sir Robert's shrewdness, that he thinks the downfall of any administration opposed to the wishes and spirit of the people, would be too near to indemnify him for the risk of sinking under its ruins.

LONDON, May 13.

THE WOULD-BE MINISTRY!

That a party are seeking office, and ready even to go all lenghts to obtain it is well known, but it is equally understood that the business of the country cannot be carried on one week, by a tory administration. *The House of Commons are resolved not only to reform themselves without the dictation of the House of Peers*, but it was declared by Mr. Hume, and the declaration was received with loud cheers, that they were not only authorised to *advise* his Majesty, but also to CONTROL him.

That they would be satisfied—that the nation would be satisfied with the annexed list of an embryo Ministry is absurd, we give it merely as it has been circulated, in order that the nation may see who *would* be their rulers.

WELLINGTON.

Mr. Baring, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Earl Cærnarvon, President of the Council; Lord Hill, Commander in Chief; Sir Robert Peel, Home Secretary; Lord Wharncliffe, Paymaster of the Forces; Earl of Aberdeen, Foreign Secretary; Lord Ellenborough, Board of Control; Earl of Rosslyn, Lord Privy Seal; Mr. Croker, First Lord of the Admiralty; Duke of Buckingham, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; Sir James Scarlett, Attorney General; Sir Ed. Sugden, Solicitor General; Lord Lyndhurst, Master of the Rolls; Earl Wicklow, Lord Chancellor; Sir John Leach, do.; Sir H. Hardinge, Secretary; Mr. Herries, Secretary at War.

PUBLIC FEELING.

Thursday afternoon, about half past five o'clock, a vast crowd of people assembled in the neighborhood of the House of Commons and Palace Yard. The Duke of Cumberland, Marquis of Londonderry, and Lord Rosslyn, passing in company along Parliament street, on horseback, towards the Horse-Guards, were recognized and followed by a mob of between 200 and 300 men and boys, *hooting and hissing*. At the entrance of the Horse Guards the shouts were tremendous, when His Royal Highness, in a good natured manner, made his obedience to the assailants. They were followed by the mob through the Park as far as St. James' Palace, when his Royal Highness and the Marquis of Londonderry turned back, at a brisk trot, towards the House of Commons, where they alighted. Here they were again assailed with deafening yells and hisses, which continued several minutes, till a formidable force of the police cleared the street and restored order.

WAR PARTY IN FRANCE.

We have little to say this week on sentimental topics; there is however one circumstance which, at the present crisis, demands attention, and that is the dreadfully disturbed state of France. The mad attempts of the Duchess de Berri has, it is true, failed; but France rocks to her centre with monkish intrigue, Carlist conspiracy, and Republican enthusiasm. The illness of M. Perier, and the small hopes entertained of his recovery, demand the formation of a new ministry; and it is not a little striking the coincidence observable with regard to this country, that in France the war party are being called on by Louis Phillip to form an administration or a coalition with the remnant of the present. Should a Wellington and Peel cabinet get into office here, we foresee the probable fatal results which will ensue.

The news of Monday night's proceedings produced the greatest consternation in Paris among the friends of order and peace—may their and our fears prove unfounded.

Brutal Outrage.—On Sunday last (the 10th instant) a most disgraceful, and we fear tragic scene was enacted in the lower part of Buffalo, N. Y. near the canal. The particulars we have not learned; but only that a band of laborers, employed in digging a canal across the low grounds, beneath the Terrace, were the actors. They were seen by a person who did not dare to approach them, assembled around one, not of their number, beating him, as he lay prostrate, with great fury. When they left him, he remained motionless. This was near dark, and the man has not been since found. Several citizens were attracted to the scene by the tumult, all of whom were severely beaten. The offenders are Conaught Irishmen: Five of them, we learn, are secured in prison to await an investigation of the affair. We looked in a moment at the office, while they were under examination, and more untamed, lawless looking beings in human shape, certainly never before fell under our observation. We could well imagine, if such were Conaught men, that the station of officers there, is no sinecure.—*Buffalo Journal.*

Mr. Calhoun.—The Washington Telegraph informs us that Mr. Calhoun has *determined not* to be a candidate for the Presidency.—*Nat. Gaz.*

A postscript to a Liverpool letter of May 16, says—"No administration yet formed, and there is an impression that the Grey Ministry will retain office.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The New York Courier quotes an extract from a letter from Havre, dated on the 10th May, stating that the Duke of Reichstadt, (the son of Napoleon,) was dead.

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—Corrected weekly by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

pot,	lb. 4½ a5	Steel, co. lb	7 a 8†
pearl,	5	sad irons	6†
Ashes, sc. salts	3¾ a 4§	Lead, in pigs	5¾a6§
black salts	4a4½†	in bars	6½§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$8†
Augers, qr.	6†	dry, lb.	12½†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	7a8†
Bacon, lb.	5a5½†	Leather, sole,	28§
Batter, keg,	9½†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 50†	calf skins,	20 a 24§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	8§
Biscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2†
w. crack. bbl.	$4 75†	Molasses,	37a40§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra.	10d 6½§
Coals, bush.	5†		8d 6½§
Candles, lb.	9½		6d 7§
Copperas	2½a3†		4d 8½§
Cheese	6½†	other	7 §
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	$1 25§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g. in bgs.	13½a15	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	10a12½§	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3½†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2½†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2½†
4-4 Checks	13 a 21†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 25
Cot. yarns, lb. No. 5,	25§	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, bbl.	$4a4 50*	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	35§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6½a7†	pkd. mess, bbl.	none
hatcheled,	9a10½*	prime,	do.
Flannels, cy.	4-4 40a50*	Potatoes, bush.	37a43§
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	4½*
New herring,	$6a8§	do. K'y.	4§
shad,	11a12§	Sugar, N.O.lo.	6½a7½
mack'l.	5a9†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	62½†	lump,	13 a 14†
barley	40†	loaf,	14 a 17†
rye	37½†	Salt,	$2½ §
corn	31§	Soap, lb.	5 a 8†
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¾a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	24†	keg, lb.	5 a 10cts†
½ do.	14†	leaf,	2a3†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	6†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½a6†	Tea, Y. H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$118§	H. skin,	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	13a15†	imperial,	1,35a1,45§
green	5§	Wax, bees'	19*
Indigo, Span lb.	1½	Wool,	26 a 28*
Bengal,	1¼ a 1½†	Wool hats, doz.	$5½a6§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$120§	Whisk. o. gall.	35a40c†
blooms, Jun.	$95§	new	29†
rolled	115§	Vices, bright	12½†
sheet, cwt.	9½§	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$ 38a40§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	11a 12†

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

THE following named Retailers and Wholesale Dealers have, in compliance with the laws of the General Assembly, taken out their Licenses, viz:—

Pitt Township.
Henry Long
G. & Daniel Negley
Andrew Mitchell
Henry Ambler
John Tagus
John Whitehouse.
Wilkins Township.
James Arbuckle
Charles Carothers
Samuel McCrea.
Northern Liberties.
Charles Anderson
Richard Betty
Lewis Bowman
Joseph Bowman
Jeremiah Frew
Robert Glass
Robert M'Elwain & Co.
Robert Whitesides
Edmond Newton
Samuel Cummins
James Chambers
William Sterlin
James M'Clane.
Plum Township.
Henry Chalfant
Joseph M'Connel.
Versailles Township.
Isaac Snodgrass
Hugh Rowland
Andrew Soles
John Mahood
Benjamin Carpenter
Samuel Irwin.
Elizabeth Township.
Hugh M'Donnough
Samuel Walker.
Jefferson Township.
John Holmes
John Moore.
St. Clair Township.
John M'Combes
David Frew
James McDonald
McDonald & Moore.
William Quinlin
Patrick Woods.
Robinson Township.
William Elliott.
Findlay Township.
John Oliver.
Moon Township
Benjamin Jackson
Peter Shouse.
Franklin Township.
James Duff.
Allegheny Borough.
Blackstock, Bell & Co.
Rufus Cole
William Davidson
Robert Morris
Hugh Poland
Stewart Thompson
James Wilson
Joseph Weeks
David Wilkins
Hugh Fleming
James Cole
Joseph Caskey
John Graham
John McGrew
Thomas Peake
Henry Warner
Robert Boyd
William Boyd, jr.
Gormly & Haslip.
Birmingham.
Alexr. McKibbin
S. W. Caskey.
Deer Township.
William Dunkin
John Kerns
Thomas Neily
James Jones
James Reed.
Indiana Township.
Alexander Stewart
David Stewart
Thomas C. Lewis.
Ross Township.
James Stevenson, Agt.

The following Retailers and Wholesale Dealers have not, in compliance with the laws of the General Assembly, taken out their Licenses, viz:

Pitt Township.
A. F. Gore
Allen Brown
John Sarber
Jeremiah Flemming.
Wilkins Township.
John Stewart.
Northern Liberties.
James Blakely
William Hall
Robert Martin.
Plum Township.
John Hewitt.
Elizabeth Township.
Fullerton & Johnston.
St. Clair Township.
Jacob Fronk
John Conner
—— Wallace
Frederick Lorenz
Findley Township.
Alexander Hooper.
Fayette Township.
John Murdock
Joseph McMurray
Robert Taylor.
Allegheny Borough.
James Parker
Davis & Morrison
Robert Adams
William Armstrong
H. A. Harvey
Robert Haslip
James Miller.
Deer Township.
Samuel Logan
John A. Miller.

WILLIAM WOOD

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1832.

STEAM BOAT NEWS.

ARRIVED—June 13th, Dove; 14, Statesman; 17, Versailles, Sentinel; 18, Transport, Amulet, Osage; 19, Sylph; 20, Nile.

DEPARTED—June 15th, Paragon, Wm. Parsons; 16, Peoria; 17, Statesman; 19, Versailles, Lady Byron; 21, Transport, Osage.

☞River 4 feet above low water mark.

The following extract, from the last Statesman, we take to be a full admission of the statement made in the Crawford Messenger, and Harrisburgh Telegraph, and repeated by us—"that a resolution had been offered in the Convention to nominate George Wolf, and that it had been rejected."

"The editor (of the Gazette) expressly stated, that it 'was offered in *Convention*,' but he now attempts to connect the proceeding with the *caucuses* and *secret meetings* of the members! We have no reply to make to this subterfuge—this pitiful evasion. But we will remark, that this prying into matters discussed at confidential meetings; or if Mr. Craig pleases, in 'caucus' and at 'secret' meetings of the members; which [*neither*] *he* nor any other person has a *right* to know; and which none but a *pimp* or an *eaves-dropper could* know, is neither *manly nor decent*."

Now, as to the allegation that we had resorted to a subterfuge, when we stated that, the resolution was offered in a "caucus" or "*secret session*" of the Convention, we will only remind our neighbor that Mr. Van Buren's nomination was rejected in "secret session of the Senate," and yet every person knows, and states that the rejection was by the "*Senate*." If the Convention choosed to transact part of their business in "secret session," it was still the same Convention—the same body of men composing it

It seems clear, to our mind, that the charge of subterfuge could, with great propriety, be made against the editor of the Statesman, or against the person who authorised him to contradict our statement. We stated that a proposition had been made in the Convention to nominate a Governor. The Statesman declared that no such resolution had been offered in the Convention; and, upon investigation, it appears that it was made in a *secret session* of the Convention.—Suppose the editor of the Allegheny Democrat should declare that Mr. Van Buren's nomination had never been rejected *in the Senate*, and upon the production of the journal containing the vote, should exclaim—"Oh, that was done in a *secret session* of the Senate!"—Would not such conduct look very like a subterfuge.

As to the declaration, that none but a pimp or eaves-dropper could know what passed in secret session, we will suggest the probability that some of the members must have made it known. Perhaps, however, Mr. Atkinson may feel himself bound to repel this charge of *pimping* or *eaves-dropping;* it may *possibly* gall him—our "withers are unwrung." We were not at Harrisburgh, we have had no conversation with any member of the Convention upon the subject. We found a certain statement in the Harrisburgh Telegraph, and Crawford Messenger, and republished it.—We do not recognize the right of delegates sent to transact the *people's business*, to do it *in secret*, and conceal it for ever from the view of the *people*. If they were *really* transacting their own private business, they might have a right to do it in secret, but when all the authority which they have to act is derived from the people, the people have a right to demand a full and faithful account of their stewardship. This Convention, however, not only have refused to give this full account, but when the editors of the Messenger, and the Telegraph do so, they are denounced as "pimps and eaves-droppers," destitute of *manliness* or *decency*.—We are not acquainted with either Mr. Atkinson or Mr. Fenn; but, in justice to brother editors, we will take care that they shall see the accusation of the editor of the Statesman, and if they do not repel it with scorn and indignation, we will freely admit that, for once, the editor of the Statesman has acted correctly.

JOHN RANDOLPH.—On the 13th inst. Mr. Slade offered a resolution, calling for information as to the amount of allowances claimed by, or made to, John Randolph, as Minister to St. Petersburgh. This resolution seemed to be very proper—the mission is at an end, and the money paid—it seems proper that the people should know how much of their money has been paid. Mr. Carson, however, moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was carried—ayes 95, nays 91.—The following are the names of the Pennsylvanians:—

Ayes—Allison, Crawford, Ford, *Gilmore*, Horn, Ihrie, Henry King, Mann, Smith, Stevens, and Stewart—11.

Nays.—Banks, Bucher, Burd, Coulter, *Denny*, Dewart, Joshua Evans, Adams, Robert M'Coy, M'Kennan, Sutherland, and Watmough—12.

TRADE TO THE BLACK SEA.—The partisans of the present administration claim great credit for the opening of the Black Sea to our vessels, although the terms of the Treaty, by which this was effected, were arranged during Mr. Adams' time, and nothing remained for the *new* administration but a formal approval of the arrangements of the *old* one. The following letter, from Commodore Porter, will enable our readers to estimate, correctly, the value of this trade, about which so much has been said.

Extract of a Letter from Commodore Porter, dated

"CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 16, 1832.

"I find it very difficult to get things from this country to the United States;—the next year however, if I remain, and the Plague, Cholera, and Fires will let us alone, I hope I shall be more successful, and our increasing commerce will doubtless afford some facilities for sending them.

It is a matter of surprise to me that our ships do not push their fortunes in the Black Sea. *Since I have been here, not one has passed the Bosphorus.*—I should think, if nothing else could be done, they would compete with the Greeks, Austrians, French, and others, in the carrying trade, in which there are an immense number of vessels employed, particularly in the transportation of grain, wool, &c."

THE INDIAN CHOLERA.—The intelligence from Quebec removes all doubt of the extension of this scourge to the Western Continent, and the history of its progress from India to Ireland, despite all the regulations of the Monarchs of Europe, must satisfy every intelligent mind that it will spread from the Atlantic to the Pacific.—To Pittsburgh, particularly, it will travel with no snail's pace—the same Irish emigrants who brought it to Quebec will bring it to the head of the Ohio. It would be folly and infatuation to calculate upon escaping the visitation of this scourge—its march is onward—its arrival is inevitable.

Let us then prepare for its reception, and endeavor to curtail its ravages. For this purpose, let the alleys, the streets, the houses, and the cellars be carefully, thoroughly, and frequently cleansed, and purified. That this may be done more certainly and effectually, let the Councils appoint officers to see that it is done, and appropriate funds to do it, where the occupants of houses are too indigent to afford to do it themselves. Let the heads of our families, and other individuals exert themselves to banish or moderate the fears of their household, and their neighbors, and prepare them to meet the destroyer with coolness and tranquillity. Let all unnecessary excitement, all excess of eating and drinking, be avoided; and, particularly, we would suggest the propriety of dispensing with the usual plans of celebrating the Anniversary of our Independence, and substituting some mode less calculated to produce excitement.—If we rightly recollect, one night's carousal at Sunderland was followed by the immediate appearance of the Cholera. To the intemperate among us, we earnestly recommend the following extract from the New York Spectator:

"Above all, they must be temperate and regular in their meats and drinks. Should the Cholera appear in our city, every drunkard and every tippler, of high or low degree, may consider his fate as sealed. The Cholera is emphatically THE SCOURGE OF DRUNKARDS. We bid all such *to take warning in season*.

The use of TOBACCO, also, in all its forms, is particularly dangerous. In one word, every thing having a tendency to excite the system, is to be carefully avoided."

A SERMON

Will be preached on Sabbath evening next, at half past 7 o'clock, by Professor Presly, in the first Presbyterian church, on the sanctification of the Sabbath.

June 22, 1832.

The Quebec Mercury of Saturday, the 9th, furnishes the following extract:

"*Cholera*.—It is our painful duty to apprize the public that this disorder has actually appeared in this city. Since yesterday morning, eight cases have occurred, which by eleven of the faculty are declared to have all the symptoms of spasmodic cholera. Three deaths had occurred previous to noon this day, and there were two others despaired of. This disease first appeared in a boarding house in Champlain street, kept by a person named Roach. The patients were emigrants, and are said to be some of those who were re-landed on Thursday evening from the steamboat Voyageur. One Canadian has been attacked with the disorder; he had been working on board a ship; and a woman is said to have been seized with it at Cape Blanc. Every precaution which the circumstance calls for has been taken by the Board of Health, and a Cholera Hospital will be established in the Lower Town, authority having been given to engage a suitable building in an airy situation for that purpose. Much alarm prevails, particularly amongst the lower classes, and the greatest activity is displayed by the medical gentlemen, who, with their usual humanity, render the most prompt assistance.

Three o'clock.—We just heard from undoubted authority, that fifteen cases of cholera have appeared since yesterday morning, and that seven have terminated fatally."

"You will notice," says the correspondent of the Commercial Advertiser, "that this has no connection with the Board of Health, but is a paragraph proceeding from the editor, and founded, no doubt, upon the various rumors which are always in circulation in times of agitation and alarm.

'Our Board of Health meet to-day at 3 o'clock, and I shall keep this back so as to give you their bulletin, or their opinion of these cases.

Three o'clock, P. M.—'The Board have not yet closed their sittings, nor any report issued. The symptoms here, however, approach very nearly to those of the Asiatic Cholera, but whether they originated from the crowded state of the passengers in the Voyageur, or have been caused by our late changeable weather, remains yet to be seen.'

The influx of emigrants into the Canadas the present season, is enormously great, and altogether beyond precedent in any former year.

Quebec, June 9.—Total number of emigrants arrived from the 2d June to the present date, both days inclusive.

Males 4,039; Females 3,559; Under 14 years of age 3,001.

Total to date,	10,599
Previously reported,	15,101
Total,	25,700

Extract of a letter from Montreal—'The cholera in Montreal is confirmed—seventeen cases have occurred in Quebec, and eight deaths.'

A postscript on the back of the letter says—'*11th, half past one*.—Six deaths from cholera in Montreal are just reported by Dr. Robertson.'

We are not disposed to be alarmists, but it is the part of wisdom to make early preparations for the worst. A liberal appropriation was made by the Common Council last evening, for the purpose of providing hospital accommodations for the sick, should such a measure be rendered necessary by the appearance of the contagion among us. But we trust that neither the civil authorities, nor the citizens, will content themselves with mere pecuniary appropriations. In the first place, let the streets be cleaned, and let them be kept clean—no matter for the cost. Let the Manhattan Works throw all the waters they can spare into the gutters daily, that they may be purified; and let also the Corporation fountain for the extinguishment of fires, be kept at work for the same purpose.—Let all the filthy and unwholesome parts of the city—the streets—the houses—the cellars—all to be inspected twice a week, by officers appointed for that purpose. Let the Corporation cease their preparations for junkettings and carousals, and for fetes in honor of discarded and unworthy demagogues, and for once attend to the duties confided to them by the People. Again we admonish the people to sobriety and temperance in all things, and let all endeavor to keep themselves cool and tranquil. No expense should be spared—no sanitary measures left untried—to avert from us the dreaded calamity. Perhaps, with suitable precautions, under Providence, the bitter cup may pass by us.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

From the Albany Evening Journal, June 15.

CHOLERA AT QUEBEC, MONTREAL, SORREL, ST. JOHNS, & LAPRAIRIE!

Our worst apprehensions in relation to this dreadful disease, are painfully realized. Its ravages at Quebec are most appalling.

We this morning saw Mr. Cone, of Charleston, S. C. who left Quebec on Tuesday, and is one day in advance of the mail. He permitted us, a few minutes before the North America left, to see a copy of the Quebec Gazette of the 11th inst., from which we make a hasty extract.

From the Quebec Gazette of June 11.

THE ASIATIC CHOLERA!

We announced the existence of the Cholera at Grosse Isle on Friday. It is now in this city. Its effects in an American climate are likely to be more severe than in Europe.

It becomes the duty of all to be vigilant in repelling the ravages of this common destroyer. Cleanliness, temperance, regularity of habits, moderate eating and exercise, and exemption from all excess, are the best preventives.

The greatest number of deaths are from Champlain street. Three or four deaths have occurred in the Upper Town.—Deaths have been caused in from 5 to 6 hours!

Four o'clock, P. M.—The Board of Health have just made a Report, from which the following is an extract:—

BOARD OF HEALTH, }
Quebec, June 11, 1832. }

It becomes the painful duty of the Board of Health to announce the existence of the Asiatic Cholera in our City and neighborhood. This decision is founded, after mature deliberation, upon the unanimous opinion of the Medical Gentlemen of the City.

Thirty-four deaths have occurred within the last forty-eight hours.

The editor of the Gazette gives the following cases, as having been reported:

At the Emigrant's Hospital,
39 cases—26 deaths—2 convalescent.
At private dwellings,
20 cases—15 deaths.

On board the Steamboat in which Mr. Cone, our informant, started for Montreal, one death occurred before she left the wharf; four persons were attacked soon after they got under way; one person died and was thrown overboard, before reaching Sorrel," where the authorities of Montreal stopped the boat, and where cases had already broken out.

In addition to the foregoing, a gentleman, direct from Montreal, who arrived this morning, informs us that there had been 15 cases and 7 deaths at that place; and that the disease had broken out at St. Johns and Laprairie.

The Cholera at Quebec is not confined to emigrants, but attacks citizens and strangers indiscriminately.

* 45 miles below Montreal.

The appearance of the Cholera at Quebec may perhaps give rise to unreasonable alarm. Any one who recollects that vile spot called the Lower Town, and the crowds of emigrants, surrounded with the squalor of a recent voyage, that generally fill it, might expect it to be the seat of perpetual disease. Without wishing to see our Board of Health relax their customary vigilance, we may also remark that many persons here have their fears unnecessarily excited on this subject. It is the English, among the Europeans, whose modes of life resemble ours the nearest; in London, the Cholera has been the merest trifle. If in Paris it has been more fatal, there is no city, it must be remembered, whose food, lodging, &c. are more different from ours. It there killed one in every 90 persons; so that even there, as the phrase goes, it was almost "a hundred to one" that you escaped. There is no use in the journals' catching and spreading such a note of alarm, at least until we have a little more precise information.—*Balt. Pat.*

The London Courier, of the 20th April, says—"We yesterday gave a brief sketch of the origin and progress of the Bank of England. With respect to this important subject, it may be observed, that if a National Bank were now to be instituted, it is questionable whether a better basis might not be laid down than that which actually exists. But it should be taken into consideration that the Bank of England has not been established at once; but that it has slowly grown up to its present magnitude of operations; and that it has gradually adapted itself, according to arising circumstances, to the wants and necessities of the community. Should it be found desirable, however, from the evidence which will be adduced before Parliament, to adopt some modifications in the renewal of the Bank Charter not affecting the stability of the Bank, we have the fullest confidence that they will be brought into practice with the utmost possible regard to the importance of strictly preserving the credit of that establishment."

"The Bank of England is now the mighty heart of our circulating medium: the pulsations of which reach even to the extremities of our colonial possessions. Private bankers are the arteries through which flow the invigorating, and life-bestowing stream; and it would seem as unreasonable in the body politic as in the natural body to place difficulties and impediments in the way of the circulation of that which diffuses life and strength over the whole system."—*National Gazette*.

We yesterday received the Paris papers of Wednesday, and the *Messager des Chambres* and *Gazette de France* of Thursday.

It seems that Marshal Soult is to be President of the Council. Private accounts, we learn, stated that there is no doubt of his being at the head of the new Ministry. We shall in that case probably witness a more decided policy in France. At all events, he will clear the country of the paltry bands of Carlists, who have abused the indulgence of Louis Philip and M. Perier.—*Lond. Morn. Chron. May* 14,

Extract of a Letter to the Editors, dated

"*Washington, June* 8.

"The long suffering merchants whose property was violently spoliated upon by authority of the French government, prior to the year 1800, for which a satisfactory indemnity was made to the U. States in the Convention with France of said year, and for whose relief a bill has long been pending in the Senate, are at last about to be relieved in part under the provisions of said bill. Judge Wilkins, as the chairman of the Select Committee, who reported it, gave notice to the Senate this morning, that he would call it up on Tuesday next, and as nearly the entire Senate entertain the strongest conviction of the deep injustice which has been extended to the claimants for more than 30 years, so no doubt can exist that the bill will receive the favorable and ardent support of a very large majority. That these claims have remained so long unsatisfied, is a source of profound astonishment—but there appears now a very general desire to remove this stain from the character of our government, and by showing some regard for its integrity in the discharge of a perfect and most sacred obligation, will soothe the declining days of those worthy men whose fortunes have been sacrificed for the public benefit. Time has spared but few of them; to these, and to the widows and orphans of such as have sunk with complaint on their lips, into their grave, the tardy justice of their government will be a source of joy. To all it will be very agreeable to learn that there are many and able friends to their cause in both Houses of Congress, who will earnestly put forth their best efforts in support of its truth and justice. In such a case, and under such imposing circumstances, there can remain no doubt of the result."—*Balt. Am.*

INDIAN WAR.

The editor of the Illinois *Galenian*, in his paper of the 6th June, gives a long account of his adventures as Surgeon of the 27th Regiment of Illinois militia, from which the following account of the perilous situation of General Atkinson is taken.

"We visited Gen. Atkinson's head quarters, learned that on the evening before he had received, per express, a letter from Gov. Reynolds, stating that the whole army under Gen. Whiteside, had turned their course down to the mouth of Fox river of the Illinois, and were there to be disbanded; that Gen. A. on hearing this had spared no time, but had proceeded to the spot with his staff officers, and a few other men, amounting to about 15 in all.—About 12 o'clock, M. of the same day, 4 men came through from Gen. Whiteside's army, and stated they had been chased by about 30 Indians on horseback, a distance of several miles. To the superiority of their horses may be attributed their escape from their merciless pursuers. They had not more than got out of sight of the Indians, when they saw at some considerable distance in the prairie, Gen. Atkinson and retinue, going in the direction towards this band of Indians; but being so far off, they did not think it prudent to delay long enough to ride to inform them of their danger. Circumstances render it very certain, that Gen. A. must have fallen in with those Indians; hence his fate is extremely doubtful."

Herald Office, Norfolk, June 17—6, *P. M.*

MILITARY MOVEMENT.—Orders were received at Fortress Monaoe, on Saturday, from the War Department, requiring five companies of Artillery to be despatched from that post immediately to the defence of the North Western frontier against the ravages of the hostile Indians. We understand these troops will embark on board the steam boat Columbus on Wednesday afternoon, and proceed on to New York, and thence via the Lakes to their destination.

The sittings of Congress, or rather, of the House of Representatives, are becoming exceedingly laborious and fatiguing. During the last week the House has sat, upon an average, each day, near nine hours; and yet, on Saturday evening, after eleven hours' sitting, were obliged to adjourn without having arrived at a decision upon any material point concerning the Tariff question. We think, however, that the House is wearied to such a degree, that they will insist on voting, instead of debating, after the first or second day of this week, and that some definitive result, as to the Tariff bill, will be arrived at before the close of this week. —*Baltimore Patriot.*

MARRIED,

On Thursday morning last, by the Rev. Dr. Bruce, Capt THOMAS MOORE, of Steam Boat Transport, to Miss MARTHA BROWN, of this city.

DIED,

On the 14th instant, at Mount Vernon, JOHN A. WASHINGTON, Esq. proprietor of that estate.

At his residence, in Canonsburgh, on the 8th of the present month, in the 75th year of his age, Mr. SAMUEL MILLER, A. M. Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Jefferson College, Pa.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR J. H. IRWIN has removed to the office lately occupied by the Doctor Gazzams, in the Museum Building, on Fourth street, the first door from Boggs & Wrenshall's store, on the corner of Fourth and Market streets.

June 22—tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of GUTHRIE & BOSBYSHELL, are hereby requested to call and make payment to Alderman Lowrie, before the 3d Monday of July next; otherwise collections must be made by process of law. June 22—3t.

NEW
CAP MANUFACTORY,
NO. 20, WOOD STREET.

JOHN BLAIR most respectfully informs the public, that he has commenced the above business, in the Store formerly occupied by Howard & Rogers, between Front and Second, where he is manufacturing all descriptions of Mens' and Youths' Fur, Cloth, and Leather CAPS; made of the best materials, and well adapted for merchants and others, and will be sold cheaper than any establishment in the United States, for Cash; and forwarded to any part of the country.

Wanted—A few young women that can sow well, can obtain constant employment at the above business, if immediate application is made, at J. Blair's, Second street, a few doors from Grant street.

A smart lad, from 12 to 14 years of age, required—his character must be satisfactory.

June 22—3t

A CARD.

MRS. YOUNG, (late Miss S. Dickson,) respectfully informs her friends, that she has again commenced the *Millinery and Dress Making Business*, in Wood street, next door to the late residence of Dr. Dawson.

She has lately returned from Philadelphia, with a selection of the Newest Fashions, and a general assortment of Millinery and Fancy Goods; and has made arrangements for receiving, monthly, the newest fashions.

Grateful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of public patronage.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1832.—3tw.

NEW PUBLICATION.

THE ALHAMBRA—A Series of Tales and Sketches of the Moors and Spaniards. By Washington Irving. Just received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.

Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

June 22—2t

Maps! Maps!! Maps!!!

THIS day received, a complete assortment of Maps, on rollers and in pocket form, of all the different States—for sale cheap at SYLVESTER'S, 16 St. Clair street. June 22.

VENTRILOQUISM.

MR. MILLTHURST respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that he will give two more evening's exhibition in *Ventriloquism*—on Friday and Saturday evenings, the 22d and 23d of June, inst., at the Concert Hall, Penn street. Exercise as follows, viz:

1. Mr. Millthurst will hold a conversation with an old man by the name of Col. Posey and his little son, behind a screen, and at times, with two other persons in the cellar below. 2. He will converse with a person in the street, by the name of Cato; bring him up to the window; converse with him at the window; and again in the street below. 3. He will hold a second conversation with Col. Posey, behind the screen; also, with four persons in the cellar, by the names of Uncle Tom, Peter, Jack, and Old Lady, the Colonel's wife. During this *tete-a-tete*, Peter will play on his Violin, in the cellar, and afterwards above, in the room, and graduate the sound on his Violin, as the Ventriloquist shall have done, on his Jew's Harp; making it seem as though he had walked off at a great distance, (playing,) and returning. The several persons in the cellar will then be brought up in the room, producing thus, in this scene, 10 different voices. 4. Mr. Millthurst will throw his voice into the body of any gentleman present, and seemingly hold a familiar conversation with him. 5. Mr. M. will conclude by giving some few imitations of sound.

☞Exercise to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. Tickets to be had at the Door and Bar on the evenings of performance. June 22

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,

ON WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at the residence of Mr. Samuel Trevor, No. 74 Liberty street, a variety of Household Furniture; consisting of Mahogany Dining and Breakfast Tables; Mahogany Sideboard; Bookcase, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wash Stands, Mantel and Pier Glasses; Mantel Lamps, &c.; with a variety of Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
June 22. Auctioneers.

TO LET, the Dwelling House now occupied by Mr. Joseph Trevor.

China & Queensware.

PEPPARD & CALLAN, importers, No. 37 Wood street, are receiving, in addition to their spring stock, a very general assortment of NEW PATTERNS, of a superior quality of ware.

DINING and TEA SETS, mantel ornaments, with plain and Cut Glass, at moderate prices.

June 22, 1832.—tf

A MAN WANTED—One that can come well recommended, to obtain subscribers for a map of the U. S., now publishing. To a person that suits, a profitable situation will be given. Apply at SYLVESTER'S, 16 Exchange.

June 22, 1832.

TAILORING.

THE Subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the Borough of Allegheny, at the corner of Federal street and Water alley, where they intend carrying on the above business, in all its various branches; and they hope to receive a share of public patronage.

M. McGONNIGLE,
W. J. McCLERY.

☞N. B.—Three or four Journeymen will meet with immediate employ—none but good workmen need apply. M'G. & M'C.

June 22, 1832.—3t

Piano Forte Saloon.

THE Ladies and Gentlemen of Cincinnati, and of the western and southern states, are respectfully informed that an extensive supply of tablet, ornamented, and plain PIANO FORTES are now arriving from the eastern cities, at the *Saloon*, corner of Main and Fourth streets.

The New York Instruments are manufactured principally by Messrs. Dubois and Stodart, who, the last two years, obtained the premiums for the best horizontal Piano Fortes, at the Fair of the American Institute. Those from Philadelphia, are the fabric of Messrs. Loud & Brothers, whose Instruments, for tone and action, are as universally admired as known.

Piano Fortes are carefully re-packed, and forwarded, agreeably to the directions of the purchaser, without additional charge.

WM. NIXON,

L. Musical Seminary, corner of Main and Fourth streets.

Cincinnati, June 12, 1832. [June 22—3t]

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Robert Cunliffe, late of Pitt Township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and those having claims against the same, will present them for settlement to

CHARLES CUNLIFFE,
June 8, 1832.—4t* *Executor.*

A STRAY HORSE.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on Tuesday last, on the turnpike road, above the gate, A SORREL HORSE, about 14½ hands high; blind of the left eye; both hind feet white; a blaze in his face; about 18 years old. The owner can have him again by applying at the livery stable of Jas. M'Masters, in the Diamond, proving property, and paying charges. JAMES WRIGHT.

June 15.—3t*

ROBERT M'CLELLAND,

ATTORNEY at Law, has taken an office in the house occupied by Mr. P. Doran, and situated in the Diamond, where he will attend to any business in any of the Courts of the City of Pittsburgh, and Allegheny County.

may 25, 1832.—6mw*

FOR SALE,

A FIVE ACRE LOT, in the Reserved Tract, opposite Pittsburgh, fronting on Island lane, and adjoining Mr. Robinson's lots, and near Joseph Snyder's lot. For terms, apply to the subscriber, near this lot. JOHN CAMERON.

June 1.—wtf.

Venetian Blind Factory.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public, that he still continues to pursue the above business in all its variety, viz: Hall Doors, and Window Shutters, on the improved New York plan, together with the inside half and draw blind, a constant supply of which will be kept on hand at the factory in Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

ABR'M. WESTERVELT.

N. B. To any who may be disposed to purchase by the quantity, for retail, a liberal deduction will be made.

Feb. 24, 1832.—6mw

Notice to Creditors.

TAKE Notice, that I have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, and that said Court have appointed the 4th Monday of June next, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, when and where you may attend, and show cause, if any you have, why I should not be discharged.

HIRAM GOODRICH,
Lumber Dealer, Venango county.

June 8, 1832.—3tw

FOR SALE,

2 VALUABLE LOTS in this city, parts of Lots No. 188 and 189, in Col. Woods' plan—one situated on Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fifth street, containing in front on Wood street 19 feet 4 inches, and extending back 80 feet to a 10 feet alley. The other, situated on Diamond Alley, containing in front on Diamond Alley 15 feet, and extending back either 60 or 100 feet, at the option of the purchaser. For terms, apply to Robert Todd, or to the subscriber in Smithfield street. THOMAS DUNLAP.

June 15—3t

HIDES.

1.000 DRY Arkansas and Mississippi HIDES;
500 Dry Rio Grande do.;
150 Salted New Orleans do.

For sale by LITTLE & HAYS,
June 15, 1832—wtf. No. 3, Market street.

NEW WHOLESALE

Grocery and Commission Warehouse,
NUMBER 168 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers are now receiving, from the eastern markets, and offer for sale, on accommodating terms, a large and well selected assortment of GROCERIES, consisting, in part, of the following articles, viz:—

Rio, Laguira, Java, and St. Domingo Coffee;
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial Teas;
Single and Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
Bengal and Spanish F. Indigo;
Madder, Alum, Ginger;
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon;
Cloves, Nutmegs, Raisins;
Figs, Almonds, &c.;
Salt Petre, Epsom and Glauber Salts;
New Orleans and Sugar House Molasses;
Best Spanish Segar, Cavendish & Spun Tobacco;
New Orleans Sugar;
Madeira, Teneriffe, Malaga and Lisbon Wine;
Jam. Spirits, Cogniac and Common Brandy;
Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, &c. &c.

STROOP & CAROTHERS.

☞The highest price in cash or groceries will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

December 23—tf

JSHIDLE, *Manufacturer of Paper Hangings,* has removed to St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. march 9—tf.

JOHN DALZELL & JOSIAH KING
Being associated in the Grocery and Commision Business, under the firm of
JOHN DALZELL & CO.

AT NUMBER 170, corner of Liberty and Irwin streets, Pittsburgh, invite the influence and patronage of their respective friends and the public to their present large and various stock, consisting in part of

80 Packages Fresh Imperial, G. P. Y. H. and Souchong Teas;
150 Bags Rio and Java Coffee;
25 do. Pepper and Alspice;
8 Hhds. Lump and Loaf Sugar;
10 Boxes Havanna do.;
50 Casks Salt Petre;
100 Kegs Rock and Rifle Powder;
4,000 Lbs. Spanish Sole Leather;
200,000 do. Bacon, Pittsburgh cured;

Which, with the minor articles of Groceries—Iron, Nails, Soap, Candles, Tobacco, and all other Pittsburgh manufactured goods—render the whole well deserving the attention of Merchants and others visiting this market for supplies.

Their Store and Ware Rooms, being commodious and eligibly situated for the purpose, they will always give prompt attention to the *Storage, Transit, or Sale on Commission*, at moderate charges, of any Merchandise or Produce entrusted to their care.

ALSO,

Just Landing, and for Sale, as above,

500 barrels and half barrels No. 2 Mackerel;
150 barrels Tanners' Oil;
10 hogsheads Sperm. Oil;
12 do. Cod Fish;
60 do. New Orleans Sugar;
75 casks New Orleans Molasses;
200M Kentucky Segars.

Flour and Whiskey always bought and sold. Also, on hand, a large stock of every description of foreign WINES & SPIRITS, warranted pure: in original casks, or put up to order.

march 6, 1832.—tf

66 BOXES Prime M. R. Bunch Raisins;
12 bales Soft Shelled Almonds;
10 qr. casks Malaga Wine;
1 pipe Gin, 1 pipe Brandy.

Just received and for sale by

LITTLE & HAYS,
June 15—w3t No. 3, Market street.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
march 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

TOBACCO.

85 HHDS. TOBACCO, (new crop;)
250,000 Common SEGARS.

Just received, per steamers Sentinel and Experiment, and for sale by MOSES ATWOOD,
June 8. *No. 84, Front street*

REMOVAL.

HENRY F. SCHWEPPE, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, lately removed to the Corner of St. Clair and Penn streets, (opposite to the Exchange,) is now receiving, and offers for sale,

Gunpowder, Imperial, and Y. H. Teas;
Rio and Havanna Coffee;
Loaf, Lump, white Havanna, and N. O. Sugars;
Plantation and Sugar-house Molasses;
Fresh Rice, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, &c.;
Havanna, Spanish, Melee, and Common Segars;
Champagne and Cog. Brandy; Holland Gin;
Jamaica and N. Orleans Rum;
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Claret Wines, guaranteed pure as imported;
Philadelphia Glue;
Gum Shellac, Spirits Turpentine;
Richmond & Pittsburgh Manufactured Tobacco, assorted;
Madder, Camwood, Fustic, Camp. Logwood;
Sperm. Candles, and best Winter strained Oil;
Olive Oil, Wine Vinegar;
Alum, Coperas, Saltpetre;
No. 1 and 2 Mackerel;
600 Prime Attakapas Hides, &c. &c.

Comprising, in the whole, as well selected and general assortment of Groceries as any in the Market, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, may 8, 1832.—2m

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, wishing to decline the Mercantile business, will dispose of his property at Letart Falls, Ohio, on accommodating terms. The property consists of a Two Story Frame House, and Brick Kitchen, with a well of excellent water at the kitchen door. The house was built expressly for a Dwelling and Mercantile Establishment. The lot on which the house is erected, contains 3-4 of an acre of ground, and embraces a good Steam Boat Landing, at the head of Letart Falls. It is perhaps the best stand on the Ohio river for a Boat Store and Wood Yard. Any person disposed to keep a Country Store, Boat Store, Wood Yard, and Public House, might do an extensive and very profitable business.

For particulars, respecting the property and the country, inquire of Thomas L. Shields, Esq., or William Semple, of the firm of Bissell & Semple, all of Pittsburgh.—Should the above named property not be sold before the first of November, ensuing, it will be offered for rent.

GEORGE BOYD.

June 1, 1832.—4mw

TO BLACKSMITHS.

TO RENT—a Smith shop with two fires, a Dwelling House, with gardens, pasture, &c. at the Sewickly bottom, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, on the main Beaver road: is considered a good stand for a Smith shop—wants a family of industrious and moral habits; and none other need apply: the situation will be found convenient and agreeable. Apply to A. Way, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

DAVID SHIELDS.

January 10, 1832—wtf.

REMOVAL.

Boot and Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber gratefully acknowledges the past and numerous favors of his friends and customers, and while he solicits a continuance of their liberal support, respectfully informs them that he has removed to *No. 27 Market Street*, next door to Mr. Wallace's Silver-smith shop, and directly opposite to his former stand, where he will carry on the business of BOOT AND SHOE MAKING; and he hopes by punctuality and attention to the orders of his friends and customers, to merit and receive their favor and patronage.

N. B.—Ladies' Prunello Ware, of the best quality, will be kept constantly on hand as above.

B. PERRY,
No. 27 Market street.

Pittsburgh, April 10, 1832.—tf

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PRODUCE DEALERS, *and Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, No. 8 Market street, Pittsburgh.—*Refer to*

GILESPIE & JONES, } *Philadelphia.*
W. R. THOMPSON & Co. }
ERSKINE, EICHELBERGER & Co. } *Baltimore*
WM. CRAWFORD, Jr. }
M. LANGHORNE & SONS, *Maysville.*
ALEX. M'CANDLESS, Esq. *Cincinnati.*
CALDWELL & ERNEST, *Louisville.*

march 23—w3mo.

LAND AND MILLS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 800 acres of land, in Columbiana County, Ohio, 16 miles from New Lisbon, 3½ from the Ohio river, and 40 miles from Pittsburgh, Pa. Little Beaver creek divides the section into nearly equal parts; between 3 and 400 acres level upland, of which about 150 acres are cleared and fenced; the residue of the tract, creek hills, &c.; Coal in various parts, in veins of 2 to 3½ feet. A Railroad from Pittsburgh to Massillon, Ohio, is contemplated to pass up Little Beaver. Also, a Paper Mill, with two engines, necessary appendages, and 20 houses, suitable for hands; a Grist Mill, with two run of stones; a Saw Mill, and a Tan Yard. The Dam is a substantial frame, filled in with stone, and water sufficient nearly all the year for all the Mills, in the driest season, for any one of the Mills. The stock of rags, horses, and wagons; stock of sheep, cattle, &c. &c.; will be sold with the property, if desired.

Also—That Three Story Brick Building, in Wood street, No. 54, between Third and Fourth streets, occupied as a Book Store and Dwelling, with the back buildings belonging thereto, occupied as a Book Bindery, Printing Office, &c.; being 22½ feet in front, extending back 120 feet. The above property will be sold low.

Any information can be obtained, by postpaid letters, addressed to

CRAMER & SPEAR, Pittsburgh.

June 19---3mo.

☞ The New York Courier & Enquirer, and Philadelphia National Gazette, will publish the above semi-weekly for 3 months, and forward their bills to this office.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 13, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 30th of June, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre Managers. Sixty Number Lottery---Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

3 prizes of	$10,000 is	$30,000
1	4,270	4,270
5	1,000	5,000
10	500	5,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
35	100	3,500
51	50	2,550
51	40	2,040
51	30	1,530
51	25	1,275
102	20	2,040
1530	10	15,300
11475	5	57,375
34220 tickets.		$136,880

Tickets $5; Halves $2,50; Quarters $1,25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000 and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

June 19 1832.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 13, for 1832; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of June, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. 60 No. Lottery: Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

3 prizes of	$10,000	$30,000
1	4,270	4,270
5	1,000	5,000
10	500	5,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
35	100	3,500
51	50	2,550
51	40	2,040
51	30	1,530
51	25	1,275
102	20	2,040
1530	10	15,300
11475	5	57,375
34220 tickets.		$136,880

Tickets $5; Halves $2,50; Quarters $1,25.

☞ For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address

WM. HAMILTON,

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

June 19 1832.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 13, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 30th of June, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery: 9 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

3 prizes of	$10,000 is	$30,000
1	4,270	4,270
5	1,000	5,000
10	500	5,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
35	100	3,500
51	50	2.550
51	40	2,040
51	30	1,530
51	25	1,275
102	20	2,040
1530	10	15,300
11475	5	57,375
34220 tickets.		$136,880

Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The Register, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS!!

June 19, 1832.

WANTED—by a young man, a situation as Salesman or Book Keeper, in some establishment of this city. Undoubted recommendations can be produced, if required, both of moral and business character. A line, addressed M., at this office, will meet prompt attention.

June 15—3t*

EXCHANGE.

	per ct.		per ct.
Geauga	2	N. Y. State gen.	1½a2
Wilksbarre	1	New England bks.	2
Chambersburgh	1	Dayton	2
Lebanon, Pa.	1	Urbanna	2
Muskingum, Ohio,	1	Scioto	3
Virginia	1	Michigan	3
New York City	1	Canada	4
South Carolina	3	Louisiana	5
North Carolina	6	Natchez	5
Cleaveland	2		

Most other Banks one half per cent.

☞ Wanted—Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Doubloons, and American Gold.

Notes and Drafts collected on all the principal places in the United States.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood st. Pittsburgh.

June 8, 1832.

New Hardware Store,

NO. 66 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.---tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

Feb. 28, 1832.---tf

JUST RECEIVED,

AN Assortment of *Curtain Bands, Knobs, Rings, Fringe, Locks, &c.*, suitable for furnishing Steam Boats—on accommodating terms, by

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co.,

Corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

Pittsburgh, march 15—tf.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,

June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

HARDWARE.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co. are now opening a very extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, and Plated Ware, to which they most respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants and Saddlers. A large proportion of their goods have been imported direct from Liverpool, (England,) *via* New Orleans, and will be sold on accommodating terms.

march 16—tf.

NOTICE.

THE public will please to take notice that the partnership heretofore existing between William B. Barnett and James S. Barnett, is this day dissolved, not by mutual consent, but by the power that one of the partners holds in his hands. Pittsburgh, 5th day of March, 1832.

All persons are hereby forbid trusting either of the partners on the responsibility of the other.

JAMES S. BARNETT.

march 9, 1832.

BENJAMIN DARLINGTON,

NO. 49 MARKET STREET,

HAS just received and is now opening a very general assortment of *Hardware, Cutlery, and Saddlery*—all which is offered low Wholesale or Retail.

LOTS.

Also, a number of valuable Building Lots for sale. For terms, apply as above.

February 7, 1832.—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19---tf.

LIQUORS.

3 PIPES Bordeaux Brandy;
2 do Holland Gin;
30 Quarter Casks Sweet Malaga Wine.

Just received and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

march 9.

CITY BATHS,

Corner of Market and Second streets.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public in general, that the above establishment has been newly fitted up, and is now open for visitors. He also takes this opportunity to express his grateful thanks for the patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes, by assiduity and attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favors of a liberal public. *J. B. VASHON.*

April 27.—2m.

TO LET,

THAT Pleasant Three Story Brick Dwelling House, in Liberty street, now occupied by Ross Wilkins, Esq. For terms, inquire at the Rope Warehouse, at the corner of Liberty and Fourth streets. JOHN IRWIN,

may 22---tf Allegheny.

55 BALES COTTON;
33 HOGSHEADS TOBACCO;
10 BALES TOBACCO.

Just received and for sale by

MOSES ATWOOD,

may 22. *No. 84, Front street.*

75 Bbls. Molasses, received per Transport, and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

may 25, 1832.

WASHINGTON STREET

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY,

ALLEGHENY,

UNDER the direction of *William Staunton*, is now open for the reception of Pupils—the School Rooms are large and airy, the situation pleasant and healthy.

The Female department is under the government of Mrs. Heywood, a teacher of superior acquirements, who, in addition to the usual studies, will teach every kind of ornamental needle work.

Terms in each school, per quarter—

Reading and Writing,	$4
Arithmetic, Grammar, &c.,	5
Geography and Astronomy,	6

June 12, 1832.—3w

PIG METAL.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Amulet, a Lot of Pig Metal, which they offer for sale. As they are receiving heavy consignments, they will shortly be enabled to offer to the consumers a regular supply of this article.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Nov. 29.—tf

☞ *PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK.*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.---tf.

HOLDERS OF NOTES on the Westmoreland Bank of Greensburgh, will find it to their advantage to call at this office. The highest price will be paid for this paper, if presented immediately. GEORGE A COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.

August 30, 1831

THOMAS L. SHIELDS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW:

OFFICE at the South West corner of Market street and the Diamond—entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. Dec. 20, 1831.—tf

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

BANK OF GEAUGA AT PAINESVILLE.---The Notes of this Institution are received at this office, at 2 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, Number 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

January 17.

F. A. BEMIS & CO.

NO. 24 WATER STREET,

BUILD TO ORDER, Steam Engines, Boilers, Governors, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Shearing Machines, Blades, and Machinery, generally. Turning, of every description, done at a short notice

Pittsburgh, January 24—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

Steel Hoes.

AS Agent for Ephraim Estep, I expect to be constantly supplied with the above article, of a superior quality.—They are offered at the most favorable manufacturers' rates.

M. ATWOOD,

march 27. Corner of Wood & Front sts.

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & Co. have removed their stock of Books to No. 44 Market street, opposite the Pittsburgh Bank, where they will continue to keep on hands, a General Assortment of

Books and Stationery,

Which they will dispose of at very low prices.

N. B. Merchants' orders put up on the most reasonable terms. April 6, 1832.---tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking-house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE,

April 6.---tf At the Office B. U. S.

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

Feb. 14---tf. 76 Front street.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. }
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.---tf.

COPARTNERSHIP.—David W. Miller, (of the late firm of Miller & Clarke,) William Baird and Thomas Baldwin, of Pittsburgh, have this day associated themselves, for the purpose of transacting a *General Agency and Commission Business*, in this place, under the firm of BAIRD, MILLER & BALDWIN, and have rented one of the large brick warehouses on Water, between Wall and Fifth cross streets, where they are prepared to attend to any consignments, and business in general, which may be entrusted to their care and management. Louisville, Nov 1, 1831.

☞ Refer to *Allen & Grant*, Pittsburgh, *C. Macallister, Jr. & Co.*, Cincinnati, *A. G. Jaudon & Co.*, or *Macalester & Yorke*, Philadelphia, *Whitall, Jaudon & Co.*, or *Yorke, Macalester & Co.*, New Orleans. Nov 4—tf

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE —The subscriber has removed his office to No. 33 St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. City and Country SURVEYING attended to as usual. JEAN BARBEAU.

N. B. Maps of Pittsburgh and its Environs, for sale at this office. Nov 15

TO LET.

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge. Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN.

may 11, 1832.—tf

TO LET,

A GENTEEL DWELLING HOUSE, in a pleasant and eligible part of the city. Inquire at the office of the Gazette. may 17

JUST received, and for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,

200 bbls. No 2, MACKEREL;
50 hhds. N. O. SUGAR;
100 bbls. ROSIN;
5,000 lbs. Superior LAMP BLACK.

Pittsburgh, June 8.

Patent Vice Manufactory.

A. LAMONT & CO. have the pleasure of informing their friends, and the public generally, that having nearly completed their arrangements, including the erecting of a Steam Engine, they will be able to supply all orders for their Vices, at the shortest notice.

As they intend to make it a permanent business, and have no doubt of their manufactory being of great benefit to the country at large, they expect, by dealing on liberal terms, to meet with a share of public patronage.

All orders, directed to A. Lamont & Co., Allegheny town, or to John Irwin, Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

A. LAMONT & CO.

Allegheny town, April 20.—tf.

☞ The public are hereby warned, not to infringe on the patent rights of the subscribers, as in all cases the penalty, agreeably to law, will be strictly enforced. A. LAMONT & CO.

RECEIVED,

By late arrivals, and for Sale on accommodating terms, by the Subscribers—

50 Hogsheads New Orleans SUGAR;
20 bbls. Tanners' OIL;
7 Casks and 3 barrels Sperm. OIL;
20 Barrels Refined Whale do
2 Casks Racked do do
12 Ceroons Spanish LEAF TOBACCO;
75 Barrels PITCH;
33 Boxes Smoked HERRING;
77 do Sperm. CANDLES;
2 Hogsheads MADDER;
90 Barrels LOAF SUGAR;
90 Boxes TIN PLATE, ½ X;
24 Half and Whole Tierces RICE;
16 Pigs Block TIN;
12 Boxes CLARET;
5 Kegs LIME JUICE;
5 Qr. Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE;
10 Barrels ALUM;
6 Bales ALMONDS;
98 DEMIJOHNS, assorted;
50 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL.

DOBBIN & IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1832.---tf

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,

Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.

To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.

Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.

Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, and therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.

December 30—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:

JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

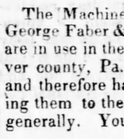
Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane,

Directors.

M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.



CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831---tf

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829---tf. *Executors.*

NOTES of the Dayton Manufacturing and Banking Company are received at this office at 3 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't

November 1

MACHINE CARDS.

A COMPLETE Assortment, from the established Manufactory of James Smith & Co., Leicester, Mass., is offered for sale, *(at lower prices than ever sold in this city.)* by the subscribers, their sole Agents.

McKEE, CLARKE & CO.

April 24, 1832.---2m. 39 Water street.

RECTIFYING DISTILLERY,

AND

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE.

WM. MITCHELTREE & SON respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed their RECTIFYING DISTILLERY from Gray's Row, St. Clair street, to *No.* 162 *Liberty street*, (opposite to Sixth street,) where they continue to manufacture, in quantity, the following Liquors, which they will sell wholesale and retail on reasonable terms.

Brandy,	Cinnamon Cordial,
Rum,	Carraway do.
Gin,	Per. Love do.
Rectified Whiskey,	Rose do.
1st and 4th proof,	Lemon do.
Alcohol,	Anisseed do.
Peppermint Cordial,	Clove do.

Domestic Wine, Cherry Bounce, Bitters, and Essences.

In addition to the above, they have laid in and intend constantly keeping the following

WINES AND LIQUORS.

French Brandy,	Madeira Wine,
Holland Gin,	Lisbon do.
Jamaica Spirits,	Teneriffe do.
Port Wine,	Malaga do.

☞ Monongahela Whiskey by the barrel, keg, &c.

N. B.—Goods delivered, drayage free, within the limits of the city.

Grocers, tavern-keepers, and others wanting to purchase, are invited to call and examine their stock. March 30—6m.

REMOVAL.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO. have removed to their New Warehouse, one door west of Market, on Water street—second building below their old stand. March 9.

NEW COACH MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers are desirous of informing the public that they have commenced the *COACH MAKING, in all its various branches*, near the end of the *Allegheny Bridge, Saint Clair street, Pittsburgh*, where they intend manufacturing *Post Coaches, Coachees, Barouches, Chariotees, Cariolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.*

Having supplied themselves with as good a lot of materials as the country can afford, and having none but first rate mechanics, they flatter themselves that they are enabled to give general satisfaction to those who may favor them.

Stage Proprietors are respectfully requested to give them a call, and examine for themselves.—All work done, warranted of the best materials and workmanship. ☞ Repairing done with despatch.

On hand, for sale, 1 Nine Passenger Coach; 1 light Dearborn, with falling top.

HISE, COLE & GREER.

N. B. Wanted, a lad between 14 and 17 years of age, to learn the Coach Trimming.

march 20, 1832.---tf

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns: and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18. 1829.—tf.

PRESSED GLASS KNOBS.

THE subscribers, having purchased from the New England Glass Company the exclusive right to make Patent Pressed Glass Knobs west of the Allegheny Mountains, hereby caution all persons against making, buying, or selling the same, except such as are manufactured by the Patentees, or

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

May 9 1832.—tf

MICHIGAN, URBANA, AND SCIOTO, BANK NOTES, are received at per three cent discount. *Wanted*, Georgia, North and South Carolina Money. Also, Sovereigns, Guineas, Doubloons, &c. GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Woodstreet.

September 20

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

march 22, 1831.---tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.

STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.

Feb. 28, 1832.---tf

HOGE & WAINWRIGHT,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

RESPECTFULLY request the attention of Country Merchants, Saddlers, and others, to their Stock of Goods, a greater part of which is of their own importation; and in part, consists of Griffin's, Waldron's, Passmore's, and Wilson's Scythes; Knives and Forks; Pen, Pocket, and Blade Knives; Locks; Latches; Butt Hinges; Screws; Sheep Shears; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel—a fine assortment of Waiters, &c. &c.

Having made arrangements for the importation of our own Goods in future, and determined to use every exertion to give satisfaction, we feel confident that we shall be enabled to meet the wishes of those who may favor us with their custom.

Pittsburgh, march 23, 1832.—tf

ONLY 25 CENTS.

LEE'S UNPARALLELED ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, price 25 and 50 cents per box—famous for the cure of Bilious and other destructive fevers, obstinate obstructions of the stomach and bowels, giddiness, sickness of the stomach, removing colds, costiveness, &c. &c.

Dear Sir—Having made use of the various Pills in my family, offered to the public for the past five years, and having found your celebrated Anti-Bilious Pills the most efficacious in cleansing the stomach and bowels, removing head-aches, sick stomach, and having used them for several years past, I can have no hesitation in stating, that I believe them, as represented, a most valuable Family Medicine. JACOB SMALL,

Mayor of the city of Philadelphia.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

CAUTION.—Please ask for Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, prepared by Noah Ridgely—and see that his name is on the outside wrapper—no other are genuine. None of Lee's medicines are genuine without the name of Noah Ridgely on them.

Twenty years.—LEE'S ELIXIR

has for twenty years, been a most successful medicine, for the cure of colds, coughs, spitting of blood, asthma, consumptions, and other complaints of the lungs and breast, as many of our citizens have certified.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely, of Baltimore.

Dear Sir—I was attacked with a most violent cold, a severe cough, and pains in the breast, which continued to grow worse, during which my appetite failed and my voice altered so much, that it was with the utmost exertions I could pronounce a single sentence louder than breath. I bought and used one phial of your valuable Elixir, which restored me to perfect health. Yours, with respect. J. A. SMITH,

Market street, Fell's Point.

Lee's Worm Lozenges, a certain and powerful remedy for destroying all kinds of worms.

Wonderful Tape Worm! A part of a tape worm passed by a lady 40 years old, which measures 3 feet long, and contains three hundred joints. This worm, with two round worms 13 to 15 inches long, and three fourths of an inch round, expelled from a child not five years old, by the use of Lee's Lozenges, are now to be seen at Lee's Family Medicine Dispensary, No. 63, Hanover street, Baltimore.

Lee's Nervous Cordial, an excellent medicine for all nervous affections, weakness, pain in the loins, back, &c.

Lee's Essence of Mustard! No remedy ever excelled this in curing rheumatism, sprains, bruises, frosted feet, &c.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops, a never failing cure.

Sir—You are at full liberty to use my name in recommending your Lee's infallible Ague and Fever Drops, as, from repeated trials of them in my family, I have always found those Drops to be truly an infallible medicine, never failing to produce a speedy and effectual cure. Yours, respectfully,

MICHAEL WARNER.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment, warranted to cure the ITCH by one application.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion, An excellent medicine for curing tetters, ringworms, prickly heat, &c.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, an effectual cure for the Venereal and Gonorrhœa.

Lee's Tooth-Ache Drops, which give immediate relief.

Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth.

Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head-aches.

Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns.

Hundreds of cases of cures performed by the above truly valuable medicines could be given, did the limits of a newspaper admit of it.

☞ The above highly approved medicines are sold by appointment, by B. A. FAHNESTOCK and CHAS. AVERY & CO., Pittsburgh, who have just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

November 4—tf

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832---tf

Edgeworth Ladies' Boarding School,

BRADDOCKSFIELD, NEAR PITTSBURGH,

Will recommence its engagements on the first Monday of October next.

THE increased and increasing approbation given to this institution cannot fail to produce a corresponding zeal and energy, and a desire to secure a settled good opinion. At this time very many additions have been made, for the convenience, comfort, and well doing of the pupils.—In so large a field as is open for education, understood in its true and extensive sense, there must be room for continual culture. Unabated will be the effort to do the utmost possible to meet so responsible a charge as the care of youth, and to this effort will be added the aid experience brings.—With little observation, in every succeeding month, somewhat is seen to revise and improve.

Edgeworth Seminary has been now of several years standing, and, disclaiming all egotism, it is only the fact to say that experience enables it to offer rather an increase than a diminution of means to give satisfaction.

The health enjoyed by the inmates, and beauty of situation of Braddocksfield Mansion, are well known to visiters, but for information of strangers, it is necessary to state, that in both particulars terms too flattering cannot easily be used.

To instruct, coercive means are not employed—reference is made to the heart as well as the head. Pains are taken to inculcate, that to be great, it is an indispensable to be virtuous; and as the worth of knowledge is only to be estimated by its tendency to right action, the study of every branch, and the proportion of time given to it, will be made subservient and tributary to useful moral and religious improvement.

Sabbath day engagements must not be interrupted unnecessarily. Pupils living at a distance, or from any cause, disposed to make Braddocksfield, during the vacation, their home, are invited to do so, and no additional charge is made.

TERMS.

Admission, Tuition in English branches, viz:—Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Geography, and Astronomy, with use of Globes, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, and History; also Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, - - *per annum*, $130

Tuition in Music, - - - - 40

Drawing, Pencil, Crayon, and Water Colors, - 24

Oil Painting, - - - - 40

French, - - - - 20

Pupils engaging in all the studies, the total charge does not exceed two hundred dollars a year. Payment three months in advance.

M. OLVER.

September 13, 1831.

MACHINE CARDS.

ON hand, and for sale, at the lowest market price, a good assortment of Machine Cards, from the factory of John A. Smith, Leicester, Massachusetts. Messrs. William Bell & Co., having given up their agency for that factory, their former customers for cards are respectfully invited to call on me for the article. C. CURTIS,

Corner of Third and Wood streets.

march 16, 1832.—4m